

Painting,  
Paperhanging,  
Mellor Bros. Ltd.  
TO FORT ST.

# Victoria Daily Times.

THE BEST COUGH CURE  
**PULMONIC**  
Prepared only by  
**HALL & CO.**  
Clarence Block, Yates Street.

VOL. 39.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1904.

NO. 152.

## Old Gold or Silver Jewelry

Made over Into new



If you have any old, worn out, or damaged jewelry laid away now is the time to have it made over into new and dainty styles, as it will only be a few days until the rush for Xmas. That prompts the idea perhaps of making it over into articles suitable for Xmas gifts.

Through the up-to-date facilities afforded in our factory, we can warrant you as good work as that turned out by any factory—better than many—and at lowest possible cost to you.

**CHALLONER & MITCHELL.**

- Royal Household Flour, \$1.60
- B. G. Sugar, 20 lb. Sack, 1.10
- Pratt's Astral Oil, 1.50
- Eocene Oil, 1.60
- Tested Eggs, Dozen, .30
- Government Creamery Butter, .25

## DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

The Independent Cash Grocers.

## .. "Melrose" Bath Tub Enamel..

TWO SIZES: 35c. AND .65c.

The Melrose Co., Ltd., 78 Fort Street.

## APPLES APPLES

\$1.00 per Box

King's and Other Varieties

AT  
**SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St.**

NOTES FROM LADYSMITH.

(Special to the Times.)

Ladysmith, Nov. 1.—Sir Charles H. Tupper was the only speaker at the meeting held in the opera house last night in the interests of Capt. Olive Phillips-Wolley. His address lasted two hours, and he devoted his attention chiefly to the subjects of better terms and the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Yesterday Provincial Constable Cassidy arrested a man named McGregor, accused of stealing some blankets from a rancher, and also an overcoat and gloves from a Japanese. He was locked up here. McGregor towards evening said he had cramps and Cassidy allowed him to sit in the jail corridor while he went to get supper for the prisoner. When he returned he found McGregor had spread the bars at the corridor window and disappeared. From marks on the outside it is suspected that McGregor had assistance to escape.

FOUND ON BEACH.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, Nov. 1.—While playing on the beach near No. 1 shaft this morning some boys discovered the body of a man high up on the beach, having been washed ashore by the waves. The man was a stranger here, but he is thought to have come from Vancouver on Saturday. He was noticed on the street yesterday morning, and was reported as having gone shooting in the Gulf in the afternoon. It is presumed his boat was upturned in the gale which raged at the time. There are no marks of violence on the body, which had been in the water over ten hours.

RAILWAY CASES.

Interesting Point Submitted to the Department of Justice.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—There are sixty-three western cases in which Hon. A. G. Blair and Dr. Mills heard evidence and argument before the railway commission. The question now is whether Hon. M. E. Bernier, who did not hear the evidence, which has all been typewritten since, can assist in giving a decision. The justice department has been asked for his opinion.

ATLANTIC RATE WAR.

No Foundation for Report That an Agreement Has Been Reached.

(Associated Press.)

Berlin, Nov. 1.—Herr Albert Ballin, director-general of the Hamburg American Steamship Co., replying to a telegraphic inquiry from the Associated Press as to the report that the Atlantic passenger rate war was ended by an agreement between the Cunard and the German lines, says:

"The announcement is not quite correct. Negotiations are still pending."

STATES AND FRANCE.

Treaty for Settling Disputes by Arbitration Has Been Signed.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 1.—Secretary of State Hay and Ambassador Jusserand today signed a treaty providing for the settlement by arbitration of any possible disputes between the United States and France.

## ALL DANGER IS NOT YET OVER

### ANGLO-RUSSIAN CRISIS CLOSE TO ACUTE STAGE

Squadron Has Sailed From Vigo, Leaving Only Four Subordinate Officers to Give Evidence.

(Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 1.—1.50 p.m.—London has been bewildered all day long by alarming reports indicating a renewal of the Anglo-Russian crisis, and showing that the utmost activity is prevailing at Gibraltar. The first news received, announcing the sailing of the Russian squadron from Vigo, leaving only four subordinate officers to give evidence at St. Petersburg, and then testify before the international commission, is considered here to be a breach of the agreement, and the interchange of visits between Ambassador Benckendorff and Lord Lansdowne was followed by the foreign secretary subsequently seeing various members of the cabinet. Count Benckendorff at 1 p.m. went to the Buckingham Palace, and spent nearly half an hour with the King. Later in the afternoon the ambassador again visited Lord Lansdowne, who also received Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty; Premier Balfour, Capt. Prince Louis of Battenberg, the director of naval intelligence, and Sir John Fisher, senior lord of the admiralty.

All this renewal of activity created much apprehension in the public mind, and late this afternoon the Press Association issued the following:

"The Press Association has reason to believe that the action of the Russian admiral has again brought the Anglo-Russian crisis dangerously close to an acute stage. Count Benckendorff arrived at the foreign office late this afternoon to see Lord Lansdowne. Mr. Balfour, who had already seen the first lord of the admiralty earlier in the day, has just received a visit from Lord Selborne, who was accompanied by Admiral John Fisher."

A dispatch to a news agency from Aldershot camp says orders have been issued for strong drafts of all branches of the Royal Engineers to be in readiness to leave for Gibraltar at short notice.

Interviewed the King.

London, Nov. 1.—Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, was received in audience by King Edward this afternoon. It is assumed that the ambassador was the bearer of a message from Emperor Nicholas.

The ambassador had a most cordial interview with the King, who, it is understood, expressed his satisfaction to St. Petersburg satisfaction at the present method of settling the dispute.

Up to the time he saw the King, Count Benckendorff had received no notification that a detachment of officers from the Russian squadron at Vigo would attend the session of the international commission, nor had he heard of the sailing of the squadron from Vigo. The ambassador hoped, however, to receive without delay information concerning the officers detached.

The ambassador informed the Associated Press that the departure of the squadron would naturally follow the detachment of these officers in accordance with the arrangements reached between himself and Secretary Lansdowne last week.

Nothing has yet been decided regarding the details of the international commission. Another cabinet meeting has been summoned for Wednesday to consider the Anglo-Russian convention covering the inquiry into the North Sea incident.

The government has received a notification from the British consul at Vigo that the Russian squadron had sailed to day, and some irritation was felt at the fact that the Russian government had failed previously to notify the government regarding the detachment of the officers. Ambassador Benckendorff is hourly expecting official advice. While the foreign office obviously is annoyed at not knowing officially that Russia had carried out her part of the bargain, no serious consequences are anticipated.

It was officially stated to the Associated Press that with the exception of the foregoing omission to notify the government, no hitch has occurred.

Count Benckendorff had a long conference last evening with Premier Balfour, Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, as well as Foreign Secretary Lansdowne were present. It was stated that the draft of the proposed convention relative to the scope, composition and venue of the international commission was drawn up. As this must be submitted to St. Petersburg for acceptance or revision, it will necessarily entail delay.

The lack of information vouchsafed officially to the British press regarding the causes of these delays, leads to all kinds of suggestions of bad faith on the part of Russia, and tends to spread rumors for which it is difficult to find adequate reasons.

King Edward, who is taking a warm interest in the victims of the North Sea affair, has sent Sir Frederick Treves, the royal surgeon in ordinary, to superintend

an operation that is to be performed on Boatwain Hoggart, of the steam trawler Crane.

Cleared For Action.

Gibraltar, Nov. 1.—12.50 p.m.—Vice-Admiral Beresford's flagship, the battleship Caesar, has just fired a gun recalling all the officers of the Channel squadron on board their respective ships. A. The ships are cleared for action.

British warships strictly patrolled the straits all night long. They intercepted a collier, the London Bridge, bound from Barry for Port Said, and brought her here at noon.

Russian Ships Sail.

Vigo, Nov. 1.—All the Russian warships left here at 8 o'clock this morning. Heavy firing was heard in the offing this morning. It was attributed to artillery practice.

Channel Fleet Ready.

Gibraltar, Nov. 1.—The garrison has been mobilized and the artillerymen have been ordered to take up their positions at the different batteries of the Rock. The Channel squadron has been ordered to be in readiness at a moment's notice.

No Explanation.

London, Nov. 1.—Up to 2 o'clock no explanation was obtainable from the sensational dispatches from Gibraltar announcing the mobilization of the garrison there, but they had the effect of starting rumors of a hitch in the arrangements between Great Britain and Russia for a settlement of the North Sea incident.

The Activity at the Rock.

London, Nov. 1.—6.22 p.m.—There is no explanation yet of the apparently alarming telegram from Gibraltar, but at the admiralty the movements of the warships there are stated to be in completion of the plans for mobilization, although Gibraltar says the mobilization terminated on Sunday.

There appears to have been some confusion in the orders issued to the fleets owing to the sudden change in the diplomatic situation, which has possibly accounted for the fleet's movements. Both at the foreign office and at the Russian embassy it is positively stated that there is no hitch in the negotiations, except Russia's failure to notify the British government of the names of the officers detached from the Russian squadron.

The preparations cause disquietude, as the regular mobilization terminated October 30th. All the quick-firing batteries have been manned this afternoon, and detachments of infantry have been detailed on duty on the commercial and detached moles. The searchlight stations are being strictly guarded.

Details Not Settled.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—According to latest advice received at the foreign office here the details of the international commission, which is to inquire into the North Sea incident, are not yet finished in London.

Watch Officers Detained.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—6.55 p.m.—It was publicly announced here yesterday that an officer from each of the four Russian warships, which participated in the firing in the North Sea during the night of October 21st-22nd would be detained to appear before the international commission, and that the squadron would proceed. They are the watch officers, who were on duty at the time the affair occurred. Of course Admiral Rojestvensky is not among them. They are returning to St. Petersburg.

Carried Dispatches.

Villagarcia, Spain, Nov. 1.—The British first-class armored cruiser Bacchante, flagship of Rear-Admiral Sir Baldwin Walker, commanding the cruiser division of the Mediterranean fleet, anchored in the harbor this morning. The British cruiser Doris arrived during the day with dispatches for the fleet here and left again this afternoon.

Villagarcia is about 125 miles north of Vigo.

## IS THE WORK OF A MASTER MIND

### PREMIER RESPONSIBLE FOR RAILWAY POLICY

Senator Cox Predicts Fleets Will Run in Connection With New Line Within Five Years.

(Special to the Times.)

Peterboro, Nov. 1.—In a speech here, Senator Cox described the Grand Trunk Pacific as the most important enterprise ever proposed in any country by any government. Contrary to the general impression the scheme was not his or Mr. Hay's, but was the work of Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself. He (Cox) had no more connection than as a director.

Sensor Cox predicted that in the very near future Canada would have a population of 25,000,000, and that inside of five years not only would cars be running from Port Simpson, or other Western terminals, to the East, but that steamers would be running on both the Atlantic and Pacific in connection with the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Customs agents in Hoboken have arrested a longshoreman in the act of removing from a dock a bag containing 780 ounces of a drug used in the treatment of consumption, which is said to be worth in this country \$150 an ounce.

## PREDICTS SWEEPING LIBERAL VICTORY

### ESTIMATE OF SECRETARY OF ONTARIO ASSOCIATION

Claims the Government Will Carry One Hundred and Thirty-Five Seats at Elections.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—Alexander Smith, who has been secretary of the Ontario Liberal Association since 1893, and although now practicing law in Ottawa, has, owing to the strong desire of the Liberal party, generally had more than a little to do with the present contest, gives an estimate as below of the number of Liberals who will be returned on Thursday, November 3rd:

Ontario	44
Quebec	53
Nova Scotia	13
New Brunswick	6
Manitoba	4
British Columbia	5
Prince Edward Island	2
Northwest Territory	7
Yukon	1
Total	135

This is the third Dominion and third Provincial contest in which Mr. Smith has now acted as secretary and organizer. He says that his information from the Maritime Provinces and west of Lake Superior is not complete, and the likelihood is that the figures from these points may be too low.

## ARE WORKING FOR THE WINNING SIDE

### CONSERVATIVES NOW SUPPORT LIBERALS

Elections in Nova Scotia Will Result in Grand Victory for the Laurier Administration.

(Special to the Times.)

Halifax, N. S., The Liberal party in Nova Scotia enters the last stage of the campaign in splendid spirits, assured by campaign managers of a grand victory. Mr. Borden is fighting for his political life. The best Conservatives hope for in Halifax is one member.

The Liberals of the province are being daily strengthened by fresh accessions, the latest to come from the Conservative side being G. H. Vernon, barrister, of Truro, formerly Mr. Gourley's law partner, who was manager for the Conservatives in the last local campaign. He is an Englishman who has been twenty years in Canada, and has always supported the Conservative party, but now he is speaking for the Liberals and endorsing the national and general policy.

In Cape Breton, among many prominent Conservatives actively supporting Mr. Johnston and the Laurier government, is John Burk, the well-known lobster packer at Lungan. Mr. Burk presided at a large and enthusiastic meeting held in Lungan in the Liberal interests. In opening he said that he had looked upon the Liberal accession to power eight years ago as a national calamity. After eight years of experience, however, he was forced to the conclusion that in every department of the government they had administered the affairs of the country always honestly and successfully.

MINISTER'S CONDITION.

K. Takahira Passed a Quiet Night and Is Believed to Be on Road to Recovery.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Nov. 1.—K. Takahira, the Japanese minister, who underwent an operation here last Sunday for appendicitis, passed a quiet night, sleeping most of the time. His condition showed much improvement, and he is believed to be on the road to recovery.

VESUVIUS ACTIVE.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Nov. 1.—A Naples dispatch to the Herald dated October 31st says: "Since this morning Mount Vesuvius has again been giving signs of activity, the crater noisily emitting dense columns of dust, which the wind carries westward in such quantities that at Torre and Portici umbrellas are necessary."

FIVE THOUSAND ARRIVALS.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Nov. 1.—More than 5,000 passengers arrived here to-day on three German liners, the Moltke from Hamburg, and the Kaiser Wilhelm II. and the Friedrich der Grosse from Bremen. Of this number 1,684 came in the first cabin, while 3,388 were in the steerage.

## ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS.

Trial of People Alleged to Be Responsible For Outbreak at Gomel in Progress.

(Associated Press.)

Gomel, Russia, Nov. 1.—The trial of the persons charged with being responsible for the anti-Jewish riots here in September, 1903, is proceeding slowly, and is attracting immense interest. There are eleven defendants, and sixty-nine other persons, who are under the same charges, are being held under bail. Ninety witnesses are present.

Interest in Trial.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—The Russian papers are devoting much space to the trial at Gomel of those alleged to be responsible for the anti-Jewish riots there in September of last year, a thing almost unprecedented. The Novosti, the Jewish organ, is especially gratified at the trial being conducted with open doors, declaring that this marks a new era on the part of the government towards the Jewish question.

## ACTIVITY AMONG JAPANESE TROOPS

### ARE NOW FORTIFYING THEIR POSITIONS

There Has Been Some Skirmishing, but No General Engagement—Another Russian Loan.

(Associated Press.)

Mukden, Nov. 1.—The situation is rather puzzling. Neither side apparently is willing to assume a genuine offensive, although the Japanese are showing great activity. They are fortifying themselves, however, as if they intended to winter in their present positions.

SKIRMISHES, BUT NOTHING SERIOUS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—Gen. Sakharov reports that the night passed quietly. According to today's advices from the theatre of war, no general engagement has yet begun. There was some skirmishing yesterday, but nothing serious. No Japanese offensive has developed so far as the official reports show, although advices from the extreme east are belated.

General Kaulbars, who is to succeed General Kourapatkin in command of the first army, has arrived here. He is a man of great energy and resource, and was commander of a corps during the Boxer rebellion in China.

JAPANESE REPLIED TO RUSSIAN FIRE.

General Kuroki's Headquarters, Oct. 31, via Pusan, Nov. 1.—The Russians took advantage of the bright moonlight last night to cannonade the Japanese front positions on the left wing of the central army, but were repulsed after an action which lasted several hours, during which both infantry and artillery fire was brisk and continuous until daylight.

The Japanese to-day for the first time replied to the Russian bombardment, which has been frequent for several days' past.

RUSSIA WITHOUT OPEN PORTS IN EAST.

London, Nov. 1.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tien Tsin says: "The Chinese government has formally declared itself against any further infringements of neutrality in the dispatch of supplies to belligerents, and in this connection has sent troops to Shanhaiwan. This leaves Russia without open ports in the East."

MORE MONEY FOR THE RUSSIANS.

London, Nov. 1.—A Brussels dispatch says that a Russian loan of \$20,000,000 was signed on Saturday. The Rothschilds guarantee the success of the whole loan.

JAPANESE GUNBOAT SUNK BY A MINE.

Tokio, Oct. 31.—The steamer Chiyoda discovered a floating mine off Chefoo and brought it to Moji. The gunboat Yamato sent a boat to secure the mine, and in transferring the mine it exploded, sinking the gunboat, injuring the Chiyoda and wounding several.

The navy has issued a warning to merchantmen plying the Gulf of Pe Chai, advising them to keep a close watch for mines. The storms and heavy winds are carrying the Russian mines from their moorings.

RUSSIAN SEAMEN LEAVE FOR SHANGHAI.

Chefoo, Nov. 1.—10 p.m.—The officers and crew of the Russian torpedo boat destroyer Ryeshitell, out of this harbor on August 12th by the Japanese, departed to-night for Shanghai, where they will join the crew of the Russian cruiser Askold.

The German government has presented to Russia a request from the owner of the German fishing vessel Sonntag, recently fired on by ships belonging to the Russian Pacific squadron, for indemnity as the result of damage to his nets and loss of time.

## ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE POLLING DAY

### PRECAUTIONS TAKEN TO AVOID CONFUSION

Successful Smoker Given at Esquimalt—Young Liberals Will Give Another To-Morrow Evening.

No political meetings will be held in this city this evening. To-morrow evening, the last before the election, the Liberals of Victoria will hold a smoker in the A. O. U. W. hall. This will be given under the auspices of the Young Liberal Club of the city, which has a reputation for doing anything which it undertakes to do in the very best style. The smokers given by the club have won an enviable reputation, and with the prospect of a signal victory on Thursday the gathering promises to be one of the best of the whole campaign.

W. W. B. McInnes, M. P. P., will be present at the smoker and deliver an address. This in itself will insure the packing of the A. O. U. W. hall. Arrangements have been made for the throwing of time light views on a large screen during the evening.

The polling place at the old Methodist church at the corner of Pandora and Broad streets has been fitted up for election day under the charge of the returning officer, Hinkson Siddall.

Mr. Siddall is well qualified for the position, and has by long experience learned how to carry out the arrangements with the least confusion. The entrance to the polling place will be made from the large door facing Pandora street. Along both walls are partitioned off the following booths. There are nineteen of these, the names on the voters' list being divided into that number of divisions alphabetically.

In order to avoid all confusion there will be a staff of about twenty special constables employed. The deputy returning officers in charge of the work are as follows:

Geo. Rayner, Wm. Humphrey, Joseph Parson, C. S. Court, Wm. Daily, Thos. C. Sorby, M. Shandley, H. A. Potts, J. Cayen, H. P. Winsby, H. N. Barron, C. R. Blake, S. H. Sturges, J. J. Austin, W. F. McCulloch, Abraham Sherer, D. K. Spragg, R. A. Dewar and Geo. Mosher.

Assisting these are the following poll clerks:

L. C. Mills, A. Onions, A. Addison, A. S. Brakes, S. Robinson, W. H. Mason, H. C. Hall, D. H. Anderson, H. H. Hobbs, Geo. Anderson, S. M. Robertson, Gordon Grant, J. Leeming, W. H. Harte, J. P. Wallis, S. J. Patton, G. S. Brack, E. E. Bragg and C. J. Talis.

Polling will take place from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the evening. In answer to the suggestion of Hon. Senator Templeman His Worship the Mayor has allowed city workmen an extra hour at noon on Thursday so as to enable them to record their vote.

It will be of interest to those living in the districts surrounding Victoria to know that they are at liberty to vote in any polling station of the provincial electoral district known as divisions under the Dominion system to which they belong, and are not limited to the station in which their names may chance to appear. Electors are, of course, precluded from voting more than once in their electoral districts.

As applying to the Nanaimo electoral district as arranged for the Dominion elections a voter is at liberty to vote at any of the polling stations within the division in which his name appears. The divisions and polling stations in the Nanaimo electoral district are as follows:

Division No. 1, Nanaimo City Electoral District—The Old Court House, Nanaimo.

Division No. 2, Newcastle Electoral District—School House, South Cedar; School House, South Wellington; Northfield; Opera House, Ladysmith.

Division No. 3, Cowichan Electoral District—ranch to Cowichan Station; Court House, Duncan; School House, Sumner; School House, Crofton; Court House, Chemainus; Hugh Campbell's House, Mt. Sicker; Riverside Inn, Cowichan Lake.

Division No. 4, Esquimalt Electoral District—Masonic Hall, Esquimalt; School House, Colwood; Metehosin Hall, Metehosin; Charter's Hall, West Sooke; School House, East Sooke; School House, Otter Point; M. I. I. Baird's House, Port Renfrew; Strathcona Hotel, Shawnigan Lake.

Division No. 5, Saanich Electoral District—Agricultural Hall, Saanichton; School House, Royal Oak; School House, Bolekine Road; School House, Cedar Hill Road; Agricultural Hall, the Willocks; Cadboro Bay Road.

Division No. 6, The Islands Electoral District—School House, North Saanich; School House, Gabriola Island; South School House, Pender Island; School House, Salt Spring Island; South Court House, Salt Spring Island; School House, Mayne Island; School House, Galiano Island; Burchell's Store, Thetis Island.

The smoker held at Esquimalt last night under the auspices of the Young Liberal Club, of this city, was a decided success. In spite of the disagreeable weather there was a splendid attendance. Chas. Spratt, president of the club, presided. Short speeches were delivered during the evening by A. F. Welby Solomon and B. J. Perry.

The musical part of the programme

(Continued on page 2.)





## LISTEN!

Many people neglect to make their purchases until the last moment and then rush anywhere to do so without thought of the quality of the articles offered or the prices charged. Much better to make your selections here leisurely and deliberately. Everything we offer is of the highest quality. The prices are fair. There is not in the city a more complete or better line of Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes than is shown here. New goods arriving every day, and everything has been selected on its merits and is well worth its cost.

### Campbell's Prescription Store

COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

## How About Electric Light This Fall?

Have you considered how much to your advantage it would be to throw away coal oil lamps and use electricity? Make the experiment now; leave your order to-day.

### B. C. Electric Railway Co.

(LIMITED.)

35 YATES STREET.

## HOW JAPANESE CARRIED POSITIONS

### FIERCE FIGHTING IN TRENCHES NEAR FORTRESS

#### Further Particulars of the Third Assault on Port Arthur—Sortie by Defenders Repulsed.

Chefoo, Oct. 31.—2 p.m.—The general assault upon Port Arthur, which began in a preliminary way on October 24th, developed into a fiercely raging battle yesterday when, according to a hitherto infallible source, the Japanese flung heavy forces against the fortress in their third attempt to secure a commanding position. The result of yesterday's fighting is unknown.

The Japanese have been preparing for this assault for a month. It is believed that the Japanese did not expect to capture the town on this occasion, but to accomplish another important forward step. This plan was adopted in an attempt to swarm over the fortifications by a mere force of numbers regardless of losses.

This assault, like the previous one, was a climactic incident of weary weeks of trench digging, gun mounting and small engagements. In the opinion of experts the assault will cease when the Japanese have secured such position as will enable them to creep closer under the noses of the Russian guns. It is believed that two more general assaults will be necessary before the distance between the belligerent lines is sufficiently short enough to make an attempt to enter the main fort and make the end of the siege practicable.

Having made every possible preparation the Japanese opened fire with their artillery along the whole line, incidentally continuing their daily practice of dropping shells into the harbor. The Russians replied, the sounds, as of distant thunder, telling the inhabitants of Port Dalny that the long-expected assault on the fortress was imminent.

The bombardment continued furiously until the afternoon of October 26th, when the Russian guns on Etso mountain, Antse mountain and Rihlung mountain became silent. At 4 o'clock that afternoon a regiment of Japanese swept out from behind a recently captured hill adjacent to Rihlung mountain and advanced into the Russian trenches lying between Rihlung mountain and the railroad, occupying them after hours of fighting. The Russians stuck to their posts till the Japanese were within a few yards, both sides hurling hand grenades at each other.

The Japanese infantry are now using mechanical devices which enable them to throw grenades with great accuracy and rapidity.

In the meantime another body of Japanese assaulted the trenches on the slope and stopped some distance above the extreme Japanese outpost, where the ascent of Rihlung mountain became almost perpendicular. The Russian trenches seemed the slope. To advance against them over an unbroken slope, which was mined, even without Russian resistance would have been a difficult task, but the slope had been torn up, great holes having been blown in at various places by the bombardment, and the Japanese availed themselves of these indications, which offered combined foothold and protection against bullets. In the meanwhile the fire of all their available artillery was directed against the Russian trenches, the Russians eventually retiring, whereupon the Japanese in thirty minutes constructed trenches sufficient to shield themselves.

The Russians exploded mines, but the Japanese claim without result. Upon the retirement of their troops the Russians opened fire from Liati mountain, and that night they made a sortie, but the Japanese had in the meanwhile brought up machine guns with which the sortie was repulsed.

Except for the knowledge that the bombardment was continued, all information covering the period between October 27th and October 29th is lacking, but presumably is much of the same character as that just described, the Japanese operations gradually assuming the proportions of the general attack of yesterday. The fighting is reported to have been

most severe from Rihlung mountain down along the whole east side of the town.

A steamer, which has just arrived here from Newchwang (6.30 p.m.), reports having heard firing at Port Arthur last night and to-day until she was out of gunshot indicating a continuance of the battle, which began October 24th in a preliminary manner and developed yesterday into the third attempt of the Japanese to secure a commanding position.

#### ADMIT SUCCESS OF JAPANESE METHODS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—3.05 a.m.—Everything indicates that both the Japanese and the Russian armies south of Mukden are ready for a resumption of hostilities, if, indeed, fighting has not already begun.

It is believed that the Japanese force has been largely augmented both from Port Arthur, where an engineering siege has been begun, and from whence it is understood every available man is being drafted. It seems to be assumed that the Japanese will be able to meet Gen. Kouropatkin on an almost, if not quite, an equal numerical footing.

Dispatches indicate the resumption of fighting on both extremities of the Russian front. It appears that the Japanese are becoming aggressive along the whole front.

The latest reports from Port Arthur are by no means encouraging. Gen. Stoessel is making a good defence, but the Japanese are now very close to important Russian positions.

While this form of attack is less spectacular than repeated assaults, it is no less conclusive in its results, demanding a sleepless defence and being almost impossible to frustrate.

#### SAVED BY POLICE.

Referee Grancy Had to Be Protected After Giving Gans Fight on a Foul.

San Francisco, Oct. 31.—Jimmy Britt, of California, lost the lightweight championship of the world to-night when he fouled Joe Gans, of Baltimore, in the fifth round. He had sent Gans to his knees in the fifth round, and then, losing his head, gave him a vicious punch, and Referee Grancy promptly awarded the decision to Gans on a foul.

The excitement was terrific. Britt rushed at Grancy like a madman and fought him to the ropes. A squad of police immediately jumped into the ring, and it looked as if there would be a general fight. The house gave vent to its disapproval by tremendous hooting and wildly cheered Britt as he went to the centre of the ring. Britt actually outboxed Gans and landed a blow after blow. In the fourth round it was apparent that Gans was scared, and, having a foul, the fight was Britt's. While no excuse can be made for Britt being his head, it certainly looks as if Gans invited a foul.

Britt showed marvelous strength and quickness. He went at Gans like a bull, landing body blows alternately with swins on the jaw. During the first three rounds Gans appeared cool and confident and fought strong. He appeared to be feeling Britt out, but the end of the third and the beginning of the fourth, when Britt commenced to fight more viciously, Gans weakened. He landed a few times on Britt, but the white boy paid no attention to his light tap and bored in more, viciously than ever.

There is no doubt in the minds of the majority of the audience but Britt would defeat Gans easily.

Referee Grancy said after the fight: "I really should have given Gans the decision in the fourth round, but, however, was forced to give Gans the decision in the fifth round."

Britt was frantic with rage when he realized he had lost the fight, and rushed at Grancy, striking wildly.

Britt declared as he left the ring: "I know that I can beat Gans, and I want to fight him again."

The fight demonstrated that Britt is a wonder in his class. He is a clever boxer, quick as a cat and a hard hitter.

Gans and his followers were highly dejected at the decision. After the fight, when Britt had recovered his temper, he apologized to Grancy and said:

"What could I do when a man fell every time unnecessarily. I am sorry I hit him while on his knees, but I could not help it."

The fifth round lasted but 38 seconds when the foul was declared.

"The further Dominion politics are kept away from business the better, because business and politics are an impossible combination."—Sir George Drummond.

### BROWN BETTY

This is one old-style tea-pot is quite whose popularity "age doth not stale."

With fine Sterling silver mountings and any monogram, we sell it for \$2.00. It has a white, glazed removable "steepers."

Ordering by mail means prompt and satisfactory purchasing. Send for catalogue.

**RYRIE BROS.**

"DIAMOND HALL"

118 to 124 Yonge Street TORONTO

#### CANADIAN NOTES.

Glass Blower Crushed to Death—Thirteen-Year-Old Boy Shot by Companion.

Montreal, Oct. 31.—William Parks, a glass blower, 30 years of age, was crushed to death beneath the wheels of an electric car last night in Notre Dame street, and another glass blower named Donald Lamont had a narrow escape from death, and is now in the hospital suffering from internal injuries. Both men were fighting and did not see the car coming. The fight was the result of a drunken brawl.

#### Hunting Fatality.

Sutton, Oct. 31.—Norman Taylor, 13 years old, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by William Milner, a companion. Both boys had gone rabbit hunting, and not getting any game decided to return home, when Taylor proposed that both discharge their guns. Taylor did so, and Milner then raised his when it was accidentally discharged, the shot striking Taylor in the back of the neck and shoulder. Great sympathy is felt in town, as the boys were great friends, and their parents well known and highly respected.

#### Freshman Injured.

Winnipeg, Oct. 31.—Roy Jenkins, a freshman of the Manitoba College, was the victim of a fall from a building, which occurred this afternoon, falling from the arms of his bouncers and breaking one of his legs.

#### Fell into Lake.

Port Arthur, Oct. 31.—A portion of railway approach to the King wheat cleaning elevator collapsed this evening precipitating sixteen cars loaded with wheat into the lake. The dock was built 20 years ago and has been in constant use.

#### THE FREE CHURCH.

Minority Put in Operation Decision of House of Lords.

Edinburgh, Oct. 31.—The Free Churches, now commonly called the "Wee Kirkers," owing to the paucity of members, have taken steps to put in operation the decision of the House of Lords giving them control of the Free church property. They have served the general trustees of the United Free church with a notice to quit and hand over all the church property, including Assembly hall, three colleges at Edinburgh, Glasgow and Aberdeen, all the missions abroad and the churches and manse in Scotland, numbering 1,100 and valued at \$55,000,000.

#### NEARLY EVERY DISEASE

can be traced to clogged and inactive stomachs, livers or intestines. Indigestion, biliousness, headaches and insomnia all emanate from this cause. Keep these organs in working order and you'll have continuous good health. No case was ever treated with Dr. Hamilton's Pills and not the least success. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are very mild, yet they loosen the bowels promptly and establish a healthy regularity. You'll eat plenty, digest well, sleep soundly, feel like new after using Dr. Hamilton's one dose; 25c. per box everywhere. Be sure to get the genuine Dr. Hamilton's Pills, in a yellow box always.

#### BORDEN'S FOXY HEDGEING.

Toronto Globe.

If public opinion is the element that distinguishes the opposition railway policy from that of the government, why are not the Conservative papers making their readers familiar with it, showing day by day its advantages and superiority to private operation? As a matter of fact, not a single prominent Conservative newspaper, with the exception of the Toronto World, has the grace to throw the idea even an occasional bone. The Montreal Gazette, the most rational and best informed of the Conservative newspapers, does not disguise its opposition to the principle, and its supple contemporary, the Star, endeavors to ally influential opposition by talking about leasing the road when it has been constructed. Mr. Patten, the Labor candidate in Winnipeg, who is a genuine public operation man, calls Mr. Borden's utterances "decoy schemes," and points out that Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Conservative leader in the Senate, declared that "operation of railways was not included in the proposals made by the opposition."

Always Remember the Full Name  
**Laxative Bromo Quinine**  
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 3 Days  
on every box, 25c

Don Leno, the principal attraction at the pantomime at Drury Lane, London, for many years, and the most noted mimic hall comedian in England, died on Monday of heart failure.

## REMINISCENCES OF WORLD'S CONVENTION

### INTERESTING PAPER

BY MRS. J. TEMPLAR

#### Local Delegate Gives Full Account of Sunday School Association Meeting at Jerusalem.

The fifth annual convention of the British Columbia branch of the International Sunday School Association, which was held last week, was largely attended by Victoria and Vancouver delegates. One of the most important papers was that of Mrs. Templar on "Reminiscences From the Jerusalem Convention." It was read at Saturday evening's session by Mrs. G. Carter and received with enthusiastic applause. The complete paper follows:

Dear Fellow-Workers:—It is with feelings of deep regret that my message to you from the Jerusalem convention must be a written one. I had hoped to be with you on this occasion of your association gathering, and speak with you face to face. I appreciate very much the honor that has been mine in being one of your representatives at the world's fourth Sunday school convention, held just outside the walls of that famous old city, Jerusalem.

Some days ago I said that the desire to hold the convention in Jerusalem was a matter of sentiment and the results would not be so far-reaching nor of such a practical nature as if held in an English-speaking country. It was thought that few could be induced to attend, and even if the attendance were good, how could such a company be accommodated? That all objects have been answered no one will rise to dispute. The convention was held on the 17th, 18th and 19th of April and was a decided success.

Was it by mere chance that Mr. W. N. Hartshorn, secretary of the world's Sunday school convention committee, suggested "Easter morning, 1904," as the time and place for the next world's Sunday school convention? Those who believe in the office and operation of the Spirit must surely think that this man of God had had a vision. He had seen the world's Sunday school workers gathered near the spot where Jesus had proclaimed His loving sympathy for the little ones and near where Solomon had taught the necessity of child-training. He had believed that such a meeting place would do much to reaffirm the faith of those who might be permitted to attend, in the Bible as the word of God, and that a deeper interest would be taken in its teachings. Further, that such an opportunity, presented to the Christian citizens of the world to meet where Christ taught the principles of brotherly love, would enable that spirit of love towards the brethren of all lands and creeds. Then, too, was not the convention to be held in the interest of children? Could a more appropriate place be found than in the city that had once been the home of the children's friend?

No, it was no mere chance, but a specific part of God's great plan. Such was the feeling, yet firm conviction of many of us as we wended our way, that beautiful Sabbath morning, towards the spot where the convention tent had been pitched. Arriving at the tent door a few minutes before the opening of the first session, we turned and stood looking southward towards the city. Two hundred yards away stood the north wall, over which could be seen domes, minarets and church spires. Yonder to our left and across the valley of Jehoshaphat, east of the city, lay Mount Olivet with its tall Russian tower piercing the clouds. Gethsemane's garden nestled on the west slope opposite the Golden Gate in the East. To our right, near the northwest corner of the city lay modern Jerusalem. In the same direction, a few yards from where we stood, lay Gordon's Calvary, the place of the crucifixion, and just over the wall the city that crucified Him.

Can you wonder that our eyes filled with tears and our hearts swelled within us as the pictures of that procession rose before our mental vision. From Pilate's judgment hall they had come, moving along with the Via Dolorosa, out through the city gate and on to Golgotha, the Son of Man staggering beneath the cross. The babel of voices on the green sward near the tent drew our attention and changed the current of our thoughts. There, settling in groups, were Jews, Mohammedans and Russians, all gazing eagerly watching and doubtless criticising the newcomers. The sweet strains of that beautiful hymn:

"Love divine all love exceeding,  
Joy of heaven to earth come down,"

was filling the tent and we entered to mingle with the worshippers that had gathered from the four corners of the earth. We took our seat in front of the speaker's platform. In the rear hung some twenty flags of the leading nations of the world. As the singing went on we studied with eager interest the group seated on the platform. There sat one of Canada's representatives, Dr. John Potts, of Toronto. By him sat Warren, of Three Oaks, Michigan; Hartshorn, of Boston, McChrill, of Rhode Island, members of the central committee. There, too, were Archdeacon Sinclair, Dr. Gibbon, and Rev. F. Johnston, of Great Britain. Side by side were Franciscan monks, Patriarchs of the Greek church, a Samaritan high priest, the ex-governor of Jerusalem and the superintendent of public instruction, and the press censor of Palestine. The Sultan's missionaries, too, graced the platform. Dr. Ghom-el-Howie, of Mount Lebanon; Dr. G. Mackie, of Beyrouth; Rev. C. Murch, of Tuxor, Egypt; Dr. Bower, of Constantinople; Rev. J. Burgess, of India; Rev. J. P. Clark, of Sanokor, Bulgaria; Rev. Dr. Whittier, of Trinidad, and Miss F. Phelps, of Sendai, Japan, were some of the most prominent.

Mr. W. N. Hartshorn, chairman of the

executive committee, opened the convention. His first words struck a responsive chord in every heart. "By the good Providence of God," he said, "we have reached the goal of our cruise." Prayer, singing and Scripture reading followed, after which Very Reverend W. M. Sinclair, archdeacon of London, preached the convention sermon. His words were based on Matthew 21: 15 and 16, and "The Children's Charter" was his theme. He pleaded for a deeper consecration of Sunday school teachers.

"The fact," he said, "that it is in the interests of children that we have come together, brings us nearer the heart of the Saviour. Children were always dear to Him, and ever since He came His protection has been over their young heads in every part of the world, and rescued them from countless wrongs and evils."

A few days previous some of us had visited the traditional Upper Room, and as we sat down with the eight hundred disciples in commemoration of that passover feast, we seemed to hear the gentle shepherd's voice, "With desire I have desired to eat this passover with you." Almost involuntarily our eyes sought Golgotha's Mount through the open door of the tent.

He then gave a brief summary of the history of Jerusalem, of its splendor in the days of Herod and its subsequent overthrow. "Twenty-seven times in its history," he said, "the waves of wild Eastern war have beaten upon its proud embattled walls. Twenty-seven times it has been sacked."

In closing he pointed out that the first and last word of Christ's teaching was love.

It was arranged that a union sacramental service should be held in the afternoon.

A few days previous some of us had visited the traditional Upper Room, and as we sat down with the eight hundred disciples in commemoration of that passover feast, we seemed to hear the gentle shepherd's voice, "With desire I have desired to eat this passover with you." Almost involuntarily our eyes sought Golgotha's Mount through the open door of the tent.

Dr. Potts presided and Dr. Munro Gibson, of London, spoke sweet words of counsel to the assembled disciples.

Before the appointed hour the tent was filled for the evening session. Dimly burning oil lamps cast their flickering shadows over the faces of the gathered pilgrims. But no thought was given to the dim light as representatives of Christian workers throughout the world flashed forth their joy and gladness in their three-minute messages.

Jacob, the Samaritan High Priest from Nabulus, the site of Ancient Shechem, was invited to address us. "From Gerizim, the mountain of divine blessing, the imminence of whose mighty shoulder overshadows and has given the name to the ancient city of Shechem where we did well, we come in order to extend a welcome to the delegates who have gathered from many and distant lands in order to hold this Sunday school convention. As a representative of one of the most ancient though smallest of the monotheistic forms of religion, we, priest and laymen of Samaria, bid you welcome to the Land of Promise. May the God of Israel bless you in your coming in and your going out, from this time forth and forevermore." Such was the translation given us by a Christian Jew, who said as he began: "I have the honor as a Christian Jew to hold out the hand of fellowship to a Samaritan High Priest, and I gladly translate his words."

Although the hour of closing was late no one seemed weary. "All hail the power of Jesus' name," rang out as a glad refrain on the midnight air as the happy company rose to disperse.

The mayor of Bethlehem attended the morning session on Monday. After some matters of business had been attended to Dr. Gibson, of London; Prof. Paton, of Hartford; Dr. Mackie, of Beyrouth, and Dr. Ghom-el-Howie, of Mount Lebanon, gave excellent papers on different phases of the history and customs of Palestine.

A devotional meeting was held on the Mount of Olives in the afternoon. Under the cypress trees we gathered. Stretching before us were the Judean hills, reaching to the Plains of Jericho, twenty miles distant. Softly rose a hymn of praise as sacred memories thronged in upon us. A few feet away was the traditional place of the Ascension, while on the slope below us facing the city was where the Saviour had spent the moments of agony in the Garden.

"Organized Sunday school work" was the subject on Monday evening. Helpful messages came to us from all over the world. Mr. Marion Lawrence in the closing address spoke eloquently, and in a tone that carried conviction, "Childhood, the Hope of the World," was his theme.

"Fulfilling the Great Commission" was the topic for Tuesday morning. Speakers from America, England, Egypt and Jerusalem took part.

Perhaps no session more fully typified

## Sunlight Soap

reduces wash day drudgery and increases your leisure time. It is an easy, quick-cleansing soap that makes your clothes pure and white without the least injury. Hard or soft water will do and you don't have to boil the clothes.

### Buy Sunlight.

Your grocer is instructed to refund your money if you are not satisfied.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto



BLANKETS, UMBRELLAS, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, ETC. are

## SEASONABLE GOODS

Sort out From Our Stock.

### J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods. Victoria, B. C.

#### THE SPIRIT AND PURPOSE OF THE JERUSALEM CONVENTION.

After the resolutions had been presented and adopted, His Excellency Ismail Bey was introduced. Among other good things he said: "In my official position as president of public instruction of Jerusalem and the country round about I sympathize with every effort to instruct and elevate the young." And, he added, "should you ever again hold your convention in Jerusalem you may be sure of my welcome and of my doing whatever may be in my power to help it on." Such words from an official in the Sultan's domains was truly remarkable.

An Abyssinian general, subject of Menelik, King of Abyssinia, next spoke. His address was translated by a colored brother from Kentucky. It had a genuine ring as he told of the great pleasure it afforded him to be present on that occasion. In part he said: "I am very much pleased to be here and to witness the proceedings of this meeting, and it shall not alone benefit me, but it shall benefit His Majesty the King also. I hold that Christianity is the light of the world and will proceed for ever and ever."

Towards the close Joseph Pasha, ex-governor of Jerusalem, asked permission to speak. After a brief word of greeting, he said: "I beg you to read with me the nineteenth Psalm," and he read aloud to that Christian audience with much expressiveness and deep feeling that wonderful song of praise.

Could any circumstance seem more incredible? As we looked upon that venerable gray-haired subject of the Ottoman Empire and listened to him read words so dear to the Christian heart, was it any wonder that we were in the presence of God from Whom All Blessings Flow?

With hearts full of gratitude and gladness that had been ours during the sessions of this wonderful convention, we rose and hand-in-hand made a circle round the great tent.

Thus linked together, hand-in-hand and heart-to-heart, stood the many representatives of different countries in Europe, Asia, Africa and from America beyond the seas.

Two hymns were sung in closing this memorable session, "Blest Be the Tie That Binds," and "God Be With You Till We Meet Again."

Surely such a convention the world has never before seen.

May its influence be as lasting as its sessions were joyous and helpful!

Mrs. Mattie B. Carter, of Jamestown, N. Y., on Monday shot and killed her husband, William B. Carter. She then sent for an officer and gave herself up. She says the shooting was for an attempted assault on her daughter, Carter's step-daughter. The Carters are negroes.

#### WOLLEY AND FAIR PLAY.

To the Editor:—In the issue of the Daily Colonist of even date some prominence is given to the report of the proceedings at the meeting of Capt. Clive Phillips-Wolley's supporters at North Saanich on Saturday evening last. That the proceedings there were grossly exaggerated and misrepresented is plainly evident to any one that attended, and is my excuse for soliciting publicity to an emphatic denial of the Colonist's report.

That there are, proportionately, as many fair-minded people resident in Sidney and district no one will seek to deny, and at all political meetings held so far in this district I cannot find that both sides have not been given a fair and impartial hearing. As one that attended the meeting at North Saanich the other evening, I cannot possibly allow the Colonist's misrepresentation to pass unnoticed, and it is only fair, I believe, to the people of this district to give publicity to a criticism of the Colonist's partiality for misrepresentation.

The meeting was orderly and well conducted, and gave Mr. Wolley a fair and attentive hearing until that gentleman saw fit to digress from a discussion of politics into an entirely unwarrantable attack upon Mr. Luggin's claim to citizenship. The latter gentleman asked for permission to reply to the attack, which was accorded him, and to my mind came as nearly as is possible to proving his claim, and undoubtedly would have done so to the satisfaction of even Mr. Wolley himself had not the chairman interrupted him and forced his retirement from the platform.

That there was any preconcerted attempt to break up the meeting, I have no hesitation in denying, and further if any discredit is due for the excited and somewhat hysterical actions indulged in just previous to adjournment, it rests with Mr. Wolley and his partisan presiding, whose language, due no doubt to the excitement of the moment, was hardly that befitting a gentleman, more especially one acting in the capacity of chairman at a meeting where ladies were present.

Thanking you in anticipation for space in your valuable paper, I am, sir, to use a favorite phrase of Mr. Wolley's,

"BRITISH FAIR PLAY."

Sidney, B.C., October 31st, 1904.

KEEPING EVERLASTINGLY AT IT will bring success. Courage and endurance are helped along by a plug of Pay Roll chewing tobacco, which is good to the last and a good laster. All stores sell "Pay Roll," and the tags are valuable for premiums.

United States Secretary Hayne notes the powers inviting them to convene another peace conference at The Hague has been cordially received by the diplomatic corps.



## White Cheeks Make A Rosy Red

.....BY USING.....

## RED-HEART TONIC WINE

Enriches the Blood and Strengthens the System. The Finest and the Safest Tonic in the market, in the most pleasant form. Make a trial of it and you will be convinced

J. M. Douglas & Co., Montreal, Canadian Agents



# ZYNKARA

## THE GREAT BOILER CLEANER

R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

B. C. AGENTS.

### THE CAMPAIGN MATHEMATICIAN.

Montreal Herald.  
He sits alone in his padded cell with a mad gleam in his eye,  
A pencil clutched in his nervous hand and his fevered brow all dry;  
He casts great sums on a littered sheet, and then twists up his hair,  
Wears up the sheet with a hollow sigh and a gesture of despair.  
And ever he sits with his pencil there and feverishly drums,  
Jots down more figures on a sheet and casts him up mere sums.  
While gibberish flows from his parched lips we cannot understand,  
As he sits there in his padded cell, with a pencil in his hand.  
"Now these," he mutters, "are sure to go for every honored Con."  
And he places his thumb on Niolet, Jacques Cartier, Terribonne,  
We'll set the figures down right here, in columns side by side.  
Subtract the total from what we need and the thing is verified;  
Next add Quebec with thirty-six, subtract thirteen from three,  
And multiply by Ottawa—that makes it plain, you see.  
But shall we add or multiply Quebec by Idaho,  
To get the size of the total vote that is cast by Borneo?  
Alas! poor man, he once was sane, but see him raving now.  
The baleful eye of the maniac and the madman's fevered brow,  
He takes the Manitoba vote and multiplies by eight,  
He claims New York, New Brunswick, and he seals up Laurier's fate;  
He claims Quebec, Ontario, the East and then the West.  
The Con. will carry Texas sure, great prize stirs in his breast,  
For three times three are surely nine, and five from nine leave four,  
And Borden's sweep the country from B. C. to Labrador!

### WHAT ONE MAN HAS DONE.

The Remarkable Achievement of a Remarkable Man—A Splendid Example of What Untiring Devotion Can Do.  
For years Dr. J. S. Leonard, of Lincoln, Neb., studied the problem of how best to prevent and cure disease.  
He was not satisfied with the methods and treatments in general use, and after a long study and much experiment he declared that:

"The poisonous products of the fermentation and decomposition of undigested foods absorbed by the system are the first cause of almost every disease."  
He knew that all the medicines prescribed for the stomach and bowels contained resinous properties which left behind them a dried-up condition of the mucous membrane lining of the stomach and bowels—this after effect invariably resulting in Chronic Complaints.

Dr. Leonard therefore determined that to correct disorders of the stomach and bowels he must produce an effective medicine containing absolutely no resinous substances such as are found in the ordinary pill.  
He succeeded and the result he called Anti-Pill.

Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pill will cure permanently any case of Dyspepsia or other stomach trouble, Biliousness or Constipation.

50c a bottle. All druggists, or The Wilson-Frye Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont., sole agents for Canada.

### PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Princess Beatrice from Vancouver—G. H. Cowan, Mrs. Cowan, J. Watson, Jas. Burrell, wife and son, Rev. Dr. Whittington, Peter Skaggs, E. O'Rourke, Mrs. O'Rourke, J. Peterson, J. H. Smith, Mr. McLeod, Mrs. McLeod, J. R. Kleis, Mr. Lichtner, Mrs. Lichtner, Jas. McGowan, H. M. Freeman, B. E. Huntley, W. G. Godfrey, A. Dismore, J. R. Kingman, Mr. Pangman, Mr. Meten, W. H. Stensloff, T. W. Ellis, Mr. Stevens, Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. S. Hale, Mr. McMillan, Andrew Bruce, Mrs. Bruce, L. A. Denker, Mrs. Homan, Mrs. F. W. Vincent and daughter, Mrs. Allen, W. J. Chalmers, J. R. Beardon, Robt. Springer, Wm. Singleton, J. B. Thompson, W. Haines, Miss Walker, Mrs. Pierce, J. H. Fletcher, W. J. Taylor, Mr. Schroeder, Mrs. Schroeder, Dr. J. H. Bryant, T. Elford, Mrs. Elford, Mr. Popper, Mrs. Bryant.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Princess Beatrice from Vancouver—E. G. Prior & Co., Vic P. & P. Co., Andrew Irvine, F. J. Sherbourne, Hicks & Lovick, H. G. S. Helsternan, Henderson Bros., Barber Bros., Saunders Grocery Co., Hallam & Wyndham, Gower & W. Co., Brown & Cooper, Swan Gorenson, Wilson Bros., C. M. Cookson.

## LIBERAL MEETING AT OAKLANDS HALL

### PUBLIC QUESTIONS FREELY DISCUSSED

Rally in Interests of Geo. Riley Addressed by Dr. Lewis Hall and C. H. LUGRIN.

The meeting at Oaklands was in many respects one of the best held during the campaign. Dr. Lewis Hall delivered a speech on the general items of policy, and was followed by C. H. Lugin, who, after dealing with the Grand Trunk Pacific railway scheme, allowed an opportunity to the audience to ask him any questions on the subject. These Mr. Lugin answered with the greatest frankness and proved very interesting.

The meeting was well attended and was presided over by Mr. Oleson. In opening the meeting Mr. Oleson made a few introductory remarks, and then called upon Dr. Lewis Hall to address the gathering.

### DR. LEWIS HALL

Dr. Hall in his introduction took occasion to give the reasons why he was a Liberal. He pointed out that it was the right of every man to do all the good he could. He had personally thought that by supporting the Liberal party he could do the best for Canada. That party recognized the principle of the greatest good for the greatest number.

He contrasted the conditions existing under Conservative rule and those prevailing under the Liberal administration. In 1896 only 16,000 came into the Northwest, while last year under the Liberal government 154,000 came in. This had much to do with British Columbia. The Northwest was not a fruit producing country. British Columbia found a large market for her fruit in that part of the Dominion.

The Conservative party had little criticism of the trade and financial policies of the Laurier government. The Conservatives apparently were satisfied to leave good enough alone.

Touching upon the subject of "better terms" the speaker was surprised that anyone would propose to make this a party question. A contract had been entered into. It was unreasonable to suppose that the terms could be altered without consulting all the parties to it. The people of Ontario and of the other provinces would have to agree to it.

Coming to the exports he said that in 1896 \$121,013,852 was exported, and in 1903, under Liberal government, \$225,849,824. This affected the farmer, for under the last six years of Conservative rule the exports of butter amounted to \$6,140,351. From 1897 to 1903 under a Liberal government the exports of butter were \$28,865,710 worth. The total trade had increased from \$231,025,300 under the Conservative rule to \$467,064,685 under Liberal administration.

The speaker referred to the British preference. It was urged by the Conservatives that the tariff had been little changed, but the Liberals had really reduced the tariff 13 per cent. The British preference, which was now 33 1/2 per cent., had its effect upon the purchasers of goods. He had questioned dealers, and had been assured that the preference went to the benefit of the purchasers, as the dealers only got a regular percentage of profit.

Under the British preference during the past five years although the preference was at first only 12 1/2 per cent. afterwards 25 per cent., and only for a limited time 33 1/2 per cent., there had been \$206,500 saved to British Columbia. This would in fifteen years pay British Columbia's share of the Grand Trunk Pacific as figured out by the Conservatives.

He contrasted the policy of the Conservatives who were unable to reduce the rate of postage. Sir William Mulock had not only reduced this, but had produced a surplus of \$500,000. He pointed out that the public servants had not been starved in consequence of this. When the letter carriers had to go on strike because they got \$29.10 with a \$10 extra allowance, Sir Chas. Hibbert Tupper had said that he would have let the strikers go rather than increase this. Now these men were paid from \$50.04 to \$70.50.

## The World's Best

There is nothing better, abroad or at home, than "Seal Brand" Coffee. Its winelike clearness, fragrant aroma and delightful flavor, are irresistible.

In 1 and 2 pound sealed tins.

"Seal Brand" Coffee

Chase & Sanborn, - Montreal



Although the canals had been deepened and other improvements made in the public service, yet the public debt had not been increased any. It had in fact been reduced by over \$1,000,000.

Canadian securities ranked among the highest in the world to-day, which differed materially from what they were under a Conservative government. The Liberals were going to be returned to power. That being true Victoria could not go far astray in electing a representative in support of that government.

### C. H. LUGRIN.

Mr. Lugin on behalf of Geo. Riley offered an apology for his not being present. Mr. Riley was not well, and his doctor had ordered him to take care of himself.

Mr. Lugin said that he would deal largely with the question of the Grand Trunk Pacific, which was the great question of the election. The Conservatives said that one of the questions of the election was one of whether there should be a government-owned railway. Mr. Borden, the leader of the opposition in the House of Commons, expressed himself as in favor of a government-owned railway. Only a few days ago Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the Conservative leader in the Senate, opposed it. Mr. Oleson, who, if Mr. Borden were returned to power, would be a member of the government, was a shareholder in the C. P. R., and would not support such a scheme. John Haggart, who would probably be minister of railways, was also opposed to government ownership.

The Conservatives put the cost of the railway at from \$176,000,000 to \$200,000,000. But this would be from \$50,000 to \$80,000 a mile, which was altogether too high a figure.

Mr. Lugin dealt with the main features of the scheme. The government would own the Eastern section, from the road from Winnipeg to Montreal, but the railway company would "rent" it paying the interest on it of 3 per cent. If the company did not pay the interest the government could take the use of the road from them. The company was excused from paying the interest for seven years, estimated at about \$10,000,000. The 1,000 miles west of Winnipeg would be built by the Grand Trunk Pacific Company. The government guaranteed the interest on three-quarters of the cost of the British Columbia section and three-quarters of the cost up to \$13,000 a mile on the prairie section. There would not at all be likely to be any liability on this prairie section. The interest on the British Columbia section would be paid for seven years, but if the company did not pay it three years after the road might be taken by the government. The British Columbia section was the one which the company almost refused to build.

He contrasted the agreement which Col. Prior was willing to enter into with the Canada Northern. He proposed to give a strip of land forty miles wide and \$5,000 a mile for this line through British Columbia. He was ready also to excuse the company from building until satisfactory terms were got from the Dominion. The Grand Trunk Pacific would cost the province not a cent.

He alluded to Mr. Bogle's statement that the Grand Trunk Pacific Company was a paper company. He thought that the company which put up \$5,000,000 deposit was a substantial company.

Taking up the question of the Atlantic terminal Mr. Lugin showed that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had frustrated the company's design to make Portland its terminus. He read from the contract entered into the following clauses:

"It is hereby declared and agreed between the parties to this agreement that the aid herein provided for is granted by the government of Canada for the express purpose of encouraging the development of Canadian trade and the transportation of goods through Canadian channels. The company accepts the aid on these conditions, and agrees that all freight originating on the line of the railway, or its branches, not specifically routed otherwise by the shipper, shall, when destined for points in Canada, be carried entirely on Canadian territory, or between Canadian inland ports, and that the through rate on export traffic from the point of origin to the point of destination shall at no time be greater via Canadian ports than via United States ports, and that all such traffic, not specifically routed otherwise by the shipper, shall be carried to Canadian ocean ports."

"The company further agrees that it shall not, in any manner within its power, directly or indirectly advise or encourage the transportation of such freight by routes other than those above provided, but shall, in all respects, in good faith, use its utmost endeavors to fulfill the conditions upon which public aid is granted, namely—the development of

trade through Canadian channels and Canadian ocean ports."

Every shipper, Mr. Lugin said, was at liberty to route his goods as he chose. Canadians would never stand for anything but freedom to select their routes. The contract, however, compelled the company to carry all the freight unless otherwise routed through Canadian channels.

As opposed to a government-owned railway Mr. Lugin pointed out that such a line would be free from taxation. This, with the branch lines, which would be required, and the terminals, would be too heavy a loss for the province. A company-owned line would pay taxes, and would be a source of revenue to the province.

Mr. Tingley, who did not believe in subsidies to railways, questioned Mr. Lugin. In reply Mr. Lugin said that the question of control of rates was safeguarded thoroughly in the contract.

Another question asked was whether or not an American company could not come into the Northwest and buy up grain and ship by American lines to Portland.

Mr. Lugin admitted this could be done. It was impossible to compel a man not to ship by an alternative route if he wished to do so. If it were a government-owned railway this same difficulty would arise. Mr. Lugin pointed out, however, that there could be no underbidding, as the Grand Trunk Pacific, according to the contract, would have to give a rate equal to that by any other route.

Questioned further whether the Intercolonial line could not have been used over the Eastern section rather than building a new line to parallel it, Mr. Lugin said that this new line was not really parallel to the Intercolonial, and that the Intercolonial was, on account of its grades and curves, incapable of carrying the trade intended.

In closing Mr. Lugin advised all to vote for Mr. Riley.

Watson Clarke asked for ten minutes at the close. Taking the floor he introduced the subject of Mr. Lugin being an American citizen.

Mr. Lugin at once rose and stated that he would not allow any one to make that statement about him. He explained the whole circumstances connected with the incident which is made so much of by the Conservatives at the present time, to the satisfaction of all present, except perhaps, Mr. Clarke.

After the meeting was brought to a close the ladies of Oaklands served coffee and cake to those present.

### WHAT THE PREFERENCE MEANS TO B. C.

If the importations entered under the preferential tariff at the port of Victoria for the last five years had been assessed at the general tariff rate \$296,500 more customs duties would have been paid.

For the whole province for that period the additional duty that would have been paid would have been \$752,000.

Vote for Riley and the party whose policy effected this saving.

### GOOD REASONS FOR ALL HE SAYS

### DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED W. N. BASKIN'S PAINS.

Well-Known Norwood Contractor Always Has a Good Word for Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Norwood, Ont., Oct. 31.—(Special).—Mr. W. N. Baskin, the well-known lumberman and railroad contractor here, is one of those who never fail to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Baskin gives the reason why as follows:

"For two years I was laid up with Lumbago and Kidney Disease. At times I would become very weak and would have to give up work. I did work on the C.P.R. and the Parry Sound R.R., and people all know how sick I was. "Reading of wonderful cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills led me to try them, and I can say I have not had any pains since I used them. It just took three boxes to cure me completely."

Lumbago is one of the results of Kidney Disease. Cure your Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and you will cure your Lumbago.

## A SHORT SESSION OF CITY COUNCIL

### CONSIDERS POUND AND WATER METER BY-LAWS

The Report of the Streets, Bridges and Sewers Committee Recommending Certain Improvements.

Although starting late (it was a quarter to nine when the minutes were read), proceedings of the city council were disposed of in quick order last evening.

An application from E. Turner for the use of the agricultural grounds was granted.

Robert Matheson asked for the use of a portion of the agricultural buildings for a polling booth, a communication which was referred to the B. C. Agricultural Society with power to act.

John M. Speer wrote complaining of a sewer nuisance in front of his residence. Referred to the city engineer for report.

J. Leigh & Sons called attention to a possible blockading of Turner street if sewer work was continued during bad weather. Referred to city engineer.

J. Keith asked for the council's authority for moving a section of sidewalk. Referred to city engineer and city solicitor for report.

Residents of Hayward avenue applied for a permanent sidewalk. Referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

Tenders for brass goods and fittings were next opened and referred to the purchasing agent and finance committee for report.

The streets, bridges and sewers committee reported as follows:

Gentlemen:—Your streets, bridges and sewers committee having considered the undermentioned subjects beg to recommend the following resolutions for adoption by the council, viz.:

Resolved, That the city engineer be instructed to ascertain if suitable ground can be obtained for dumping refuse, and particularly if the sand pits on Fernwood road are available for this purpose.

Resolved, That the offer of Mr. Alexander Robinson, with regard to the removal of soil from the bed of Meares street for boulevarding purposes on Linden avenue in front of his residence, be not accepted, and that Mr. Robinson be informed that if he wishes the work done as described in his letter, it will be done by the city at his expense.

Resolved, That the Rock Bay bridge be closed to vehicular traffic, and that notice be put up declaring the bridge closed.

Resolved, That with reference to the complaint of Messrs. J. H. Warner & Co., the plumbing inspector be informed that the council's decision is that his notification to them be withdrawn, and that Mr. Catterall be informed that the plumbing work done in Mr. Jeeves's houses is to be made ready for proper test by the plumbing inspector.

The report was adopted. By-laws were next considered. The Johnson Street Pavement By-Law was finally passed. The Birdcage Walk Local Assessment By-Law was laid over for a week. The Pound By-Law was put through its earlier stages, and the Waterworks Amendment By-Law was considered in committee and afterwards laid over.

The council adjourned about 9.15 o'clock.

### IT HEALS THE LUNGS.

When Catarrh is inhaled it spreads through all the breathing organs, carrying healing to the sore spots. An irritable throat is cured in five minutes, bronchitis is soothed from the first breath. Nothing so certain for Catarrh and colds. Use Catarrh—It brings new health to your throat, nose and lungs. Very pleasant and harmless. Try Catarrh.

After chilling in every direction at a height of 2,000 feet above the cascades, in sight of the thousands of cheering, enthusiastic spectators on the World's Fair grounds, St. Louis, a Roy Knabenshue, of Toledo, in command of Thomas S. Baldwin's airship, "California Arrow," on Monday returned to the place from which he started, covering three and a half miles, part of the way against an eight-mile wind.

## Hotel Victoria

E. CAVE, Proprietor.

### SAMPLE ROOMS

Having taken over the premises lately occupied by Geo. A. Campbell, corner Government street and Trunee avenue, we are prepared to supply the most central and well equipped rooms in the city for our commercial guests.

## DUTCH BULBS

Splendid Quality. Just Imported.

## JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE

CITY MARKET.

## Sign Painting

J. SEARS.

Phone B742. 91-98 Yates St.

### THE HIGHEST AWARD

## GOLD MEDAL AT THE WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS.

HAS BEEN GIVEN TO

# "SALADA"

CEYLON TEA. This is proof of the fact which we have always asserted, viz: that in no other tea can you get the same quality or flavor.

Black, Mixed or Green.

BY ALL GROCERS.

Japan Tea Drinkers, Try "SALADA" Green Tea



## Ready.

The right thing for fall wear, for every man—for every occasion—is ready in the Fit-Reform Wardrobe. The variety of fabrics is wide and is choice. The variety of colorings is in perfect taste.

The variety of styles covers the newest dictates of fashion, in a distinctly Fit-Reform way.

And every garment has that air of exclusiveness, that makes Fit-Reform the favorite of Canada's well-dressed men.

Suits, - - \$12 to \$37.  
Trousers, \$3.50 to \$6.

# Fit-Reform

73 Government Street.

## EDISON THEATRE

6 Nights Only

### OPENING TO-NIGHT

Only Matinee Saturday at 3 p. m.

The World-Famed Entertainer,

## HUGH J. EMMETT

Monologist, Mimic, King of Ventriloquists and Absolute Master of the Violin, in His Celebrated Entertainment,

### "BEGONE DULL CARE"

Lower floor, 20 cents; gallery, 10 cents. Saturday Matinee, 10 cents all over the house.

## SAVOY THEATRE

W. G. Stevenson, Mgr.

WEEK OF OCTOBER 31st.

A Magnificent Bill.

RALPH EMMERSON—Baritone Soloist.

MAYES SISTERS—Singers, Dancers and Character Change Artists.

ELECTRIC CLARK SISTERS—Singing and Dancing Comedienne.

M. J. HOOLEY—Author, Actor and Comedian.

SMITH AND ELLIS—Victoria's Favorite Sketch Team.

PEARL ASHLEY—Singing Comedienne.

MAD JACKSON—Comic Shouter.

VIOLA LE PAGE—Ternishorean Artist.

Burlesque Comedy in one act by M. J. HOOLEY, entitled—

"FINNEGAN'S ALLEY."

Admission, 15c. and 25c.

### Piano Recital and Lecture Recital

on "Pulse and Rhythm in Verse and Music" to be given in

A. O. U. W. HALL

November 3rd and 4th

BY

HALLOCK

Pianiste, Scientist, Lecturer.

The new facts, offered for the most attractive theory, are presented in exquisite form, entertaining and novel. They are interwoven with piano numbers which have received the praise of what are said to be the most difficult critics of the world—Krehbiel, Finck, Henderson, Huneker and Watts.

Plan open on Monday at Walt's. Admission \$1.00.

# Priestley's Cravenette Raincoats

20 per Cent., or One-Fifth Off for Cash

\$12.00 Coats, now \$9.60.

\$15.00 Coats, now \$12.00.

\$18.00 Coats, now \$14.40

B. WILLIAMS & CO.



## The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday)  
by theTIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.,  
LIMITED.JOHN NELSON,  
Managing Director.Telephone:  
Office ..... 28 Broad Street  
Reportorial Rooms ..... 45  
Business Office ..... 1000

## Liberal Candidates

The following candidates for election to the House of Commons are in the field with the approval and endorsement of the Liberal party and the Liberal government:

Victoria—GEO. RILEY.  
Nanaimo—RALPH SMITH.  
Comox-Atlin—W. SLOAN.  
Vancouver City—R.G. MACPHERSON.  
Yale-Cariboo—DUNCAN ROSS.  
Kootenay—W. A. GALLINER  
New Westminster—J. B. KENNEDY.

## PRIOR'S FOOLHARDINESS.

If Colonel Prior were gifted with average endowments he would understand that there are certain subjects it were well for him not to invite discussion upon. He trod on dangerous ground at the meeting last evening. He expressed the utmost contempt for the general mental capacity of George Riley, he attempted to ridicule the standing of his opponent in the community, he invited the people to compare his political record with that of the Liberal candidate.

The majesty of the Colonel's mentality and intellectuality is no doubt awesome, but to what uses had he been putting his magnificent talents when after all his years of experience in Parliament he, on the very first opportunity, committed such a flagrant act of malfeasance as that which resulted in his ignominious expulsion from office by the Lieut-Governor? Was he as ignorant as a babe of Parliamentary usages and Ministerial responsibilities, or did he simply give the province an exhibition of the moral turpitude which is an established feature of his character? Our opinion is that ignorance and absolute lack of principle were in combination in that Chimney Creek affair—the culminating point in the Colonel's career of political degeneracy. He had been acting after a like manner during the whole course of his public life. It simply came about that in the end he was found out. His corruption was exposed in the courts. To save himself from the legitimate consequences of his evil doings he made certain pledges—which he violated after his usual shameless custom. His treachery to the people of Victoria in the matter of the Canadian Northern railway contract he attempted to excuse on the plea that for the sake of the party with which he had all his life been allied—a party which had no existence in the arena in which he was then acting—he felt bound to sacrifice his personal "honor."

Now we have the final attempt to belittle the character of his opponent and to palliate his own moral lapses by the plea that other cabinet ministers have committed similar offences. Did anyone ever hear of a cabinet minister in this or any other country opening tenders, examining figures, calling in the employees from his private establishment, ordering them to prepare estimates, with the final result that the other concerns which had tendered in good faith were beaten in the competition by a few dollars?

And yet this man with a profound knowledge of the working of our institutions, this able parliamentary hand who despises the capacity of his political opponent, is not a whit abashed by the exposure. He does not realize that he has been disgraced. There is in his great mind no conception of the enormity of his offences. He converted his establishment into a joint stock company in order that it might be eligible to secure government patronage. He says that himself. He says his case is exactly parallel with that of the Times, which has always been a limited liability company, but which receives government advertising, although Senator Templeman, a shareholder, is also a member of the Dominion government!

Why should not Colonel Prior, having prepared the way for the receipt of government contracts, reap some of the fruits of his business sagacity? And yet here are men who have never cast a Grit vote in their lives finding fault with him for steering government orders in the direction of his own establishment! When they ask him what explanation he has to give, he says that Senator Templeman's newspaper receives government advertising! The idea of a Tory of the standing and character of Colonel Prior pleading justification on the example of a mere Grit!

## PHANTOM WORKINGMEN.

Twenty thousand workmen in Montreal have signed a petition praying for protection, we are told. We are not told whether they signed that petition singly or in batches of tens or hundreds. The signatures were all attached in one day of less than 24 hours! The movement was a spontaneous one. It means that a great move has set in in Quebec, which may mean the defeat of the Laurier government! Mr. Tarte is surprised at the uprising. If he had but known he might have thought it worth while to be a candidate. He might have risked defeat. But perhaps this popular movement is merely a fancy of the Conservative organizers, who have a habit of sending telegrams to the West about election time in the hope of influencing electors. The Montreal Witness, which is said to be against the government, reports that the enthusiasm for Borden cost the campaign fund \$1.50 for each shouter who marched and "rooted." Can it be that the signatures of the workmen were turned out by a similar process? Or did the organizers simply sign the petitions themselves? They might do that in a large city without anyone being the wiser. The Tory workers are quite ingenious when hard pressed. Possibly there were no petitions at all. In any case, on Thursday evening many credulous Tories will wonder what has become of Montreal's twenty thousand working men who appealed for protection.

## WHAT ADEQUATE

## PROTECTION MEANS.

John Burns, M.P., who is the highest authority in Great Britain, or, for that matter, in the world, on the labor question, recently described the industrial conditions of the United States as "Hell with the lid off." This is the result of what the Conservatives are frequently claiming to be adequate protection, but what in reality is High Protection.

When a Conservative talks of "Adequate Protection" he means "High Protection." We have the authority of no less a person than Mr. R. L. Borden, the Conservative leader, for the statement. In 1902, speaking in the House of Commons, he said that the Canadian tariff should be at least as high as the American tariff. The latter averages over 50 per cent. The average Canadian tariff is 15.88 per cent.

Mr. Borden's speech was made in moving a resolution favoring a higher or more adequate protection for Canada's manufactures. It was a remarkable fact that this resolution bore a most striking family likeness to one adopted by the Manufacturers' Association at the Halifax convention, held almost immediately before this resolution was moved in Parliament.

The only object the manufacturers have in their tariff proposals is to bring about conditions which will enable them to charge more for their products than they do to-day. If they can obtain increased protection to the extent of 34.12 per cent., they will have the greatest pleasure in making the tradesman, the farmer, the laborer and every other class of consumer pay 34.12 per cent. more for every article they buy.

The leader of the opposition admits this. In the House of Commons (Hansard, p. 1337) he said: "I believe the laboring classes, the manufacturing classes and the agricultural classes of this country, for the sake of developing the country, for the sake of keeping their markets for themselves, for the sake of preventing American competition, which has reached so disastrous a point, would be willing, for a few years at least, to pay slightly increased prices, if necessary."

Every man of intelligence in Canada knows that if we remove from manufacturers the safeguard of competition they will put up the prices of their goods to the very uttermost limit, and keep them there. Every man knows that if once competition were removed by the addition of 34.12 per cent. to the present tariff, the Canadian manufacturer would not only put up the prices of his goods to that extent, but would keep them there by limiting the output, and would have the working man, union or no union, completely at his mercy.

The Conservative party stands for this; they stand for adequate protection. Vote for the Conservative party and you vote to take money out of your pocket, to pay more for every article you purchase, for what work and wages the manufacturers like to give; in short, you vote for what John Burns calls "Hell with the lid off."

Mr. Cowan delivered his piece last night, revised to suit a Victoria audience on the subject of fish traps. Like all of his party, Mr. Cowan has policies to suit localities. On the Mainland he does not believe fish should be taken in traps. Down here he is probably of the same opinion, but he does not care to express it.

Not being a sport in either a great or a small way, the editor of the Times is somewhat nonplussed as to the meaning of a telegram sent from Montreal. There are some mysterious passages which the editor of the Colonist in his wisdom may be able to interpret. These remarks are suggested by the fact that there have been no recent allusions in the columns of our contemporary to betting on the elections. It seems to be the opinion of the Colonist that there is a well defined relationship between the odds offered by betting men and the probable result of an election. The dispatch to which we

refer (which the Colonist will also receive and will no doubt publish as a matter of news) says: "James Carruthers, a well-known grain dealer of Montreal, wagged Senator Forget \$1,000 to \$500 to-day that the Liberals would have a majority on Thursday. To-day Mr. Carruthers offered a well-known milling man odds of three to one that the Liberals would win, but his offer was not accepted. Betting orders, generally speaking, stand at two to one that Laurier will win." Is it possible that Mr. Carruthers, being a resident of Montreal, has not heard or seen that great uprising of workmen in the commercial metropolis that is being put in readiness to "sweep right across the country," bearing Borden to Ottawa and dropping him as Premier of Canada?

The Colonist is in a condition of splendid irresponsibility just now. It does not care what it says. We presume our contemporary knows the Toronto News is not now, nor ever has been, a Liberal paper. It was established as an evening edition of the Mail, and has never departed from the error of its political ways. Still the News differs from the majority of the journals of its way of thinking, in that it strives to give its readers the facts in its news columns. It will not lie in the hope of gaining an advantage for its party. The News estimates that the elections on Thursday will give Sir Wilfrid Laurier a majority. It cannot conceive of the possibility of a victory for the Conservative party. Its forecast is as follows:

	Lib.	Con.	Doubt- erful, servative, ful-
Ontario	39	35	12
Quebec	47	5	13
Nova Scotia	13	3	1
New Brunswick	5	1	1
Manitoba	3	2	2
British Columbia	3	0	0
Prince Edward Isd.	2	0	0
Northwest Territories	1	0	0
Yukon	1	0	0
Total	120	65	20

The Colonist is making a strenuous fight for Colonel Prior and Toryism, but at heavy cost to the trifling reputation it had for reliability.

## THE PLAIN TRUTH OF IT.

To the Editor:—In the realm of paper which have been consumed and the torrent of words which have flowed during the progress of the political campaign drawing to a close, the plain truth about the situation has not been told. And because of these circumstances, the leaders of the great Liberal-Conservative party, ought to congratulate themselves.

Deep down in the hearts of every intelligent man in the Dominion of Canada to-day there is the conviction that Canada's interests have been well guarded by the party which has held the reins of office since the year 1896; that the country has prospered, and is prospering to a marvellous degree; that the policy pursued by the Liberal administration has worked, and is working, to the betterment of the people and the upbuilding of the nation, and that it would be criminal folly to interfere with the trend of events which are working so satisfactorily towards the peace, prosperity and contentment of the whole Dominion.

I say, deep down in the heart of every Conservative of intelligence, there lies that conviction; but it is stifled by the lust for office inherent in the composition of every good Tory, and, of course, of conduct chosen which ought properly in the last analysis to be characterized as traitorous.

Is traitorous too strong a word? Not a bit of it.

What is the spectacle which Canada presents to the world at the present time? It is this—a country enjoying unexamined prosperity, the domicile of a happy, prosperous and contented people, a land advancing to the foremost amongst the family of nations by leaps and bounds; with the population pouring in; the great natural resources of the country being exploited on a scale to excite the wonderment of the world; from ocean to ocean there existing such present conditions and such promise for the future as to place Canada in the front rank of all the lands on the face of the globe as a nation enjoying the most abundant prosperity.

Now, if this be true—and it cannot be disputed by any honest man—what is the obvious duty of the patriotic citizens of this great country? Patriotism, as I understand it, means love of one's country, loyalty to it above all else, a willingness to sacrifice one's own interests in order to serve it. If that be so, by what name should be styled that body of men who to-day are throttling the conscience which whispers to their innermost souls their obvious duty to their country; who for the sake of party gain are uttering the most monstrous falsehoods respecting conditions prevailing in Canada; who are desirous of blocking the wheels of progress so that a particular set of politicians may benefit thereby; who would not hesitate at wrecking completely the grand plans which are maturing for the upbuilding of a great nation, if by so doing they could thrust into office a set of men who would hand out some favors to them?

I say, by what name should such men be called?

An honest man would call them traitors. That is the plain truth of it. Some one says it is the privilege and duty of His Majesty's loyal opposition to oppose the government, attack its policy, and endeavor to bring about its defeat. I grant that that is the correct conception of the workings of party government; but I am not so sure, nevertheless, that such a "system" is not a curse to any country if pursued to an illegitimate limit, as is being done in the present campaign in Canada.

The point I am striving to make is this—and I defy contradiction of the absolute correctness of it as an assertion of truth—that the man who would for the sake of party advantage join in a movement certain to work disaster to his country is a traitor and nothing else. Yet such despicable conduct is being witnessed on all sides of us. Men who blatantly profess to love their country, who are conscious to the fullest degree that Canada is prosperous, and yet who so if let alone, who realize thoroughly that an interruption of the present regime would spell nothing short of



Established 1

Telephone 118.

## Diamond Rings

We have just made up and put in stock a splendid lot of fine Diamond Rings, suitable for engagement rings or for presentation on birthday or any other occasion. The stones are of high quality, clear, white and brilliant, and the prices are very low.

The half hoop rings, with three or five stones, are especially beautiful, and are bargains at the prices at which we are offering them.

G.E. Redfern, 43 Govt. Street.

## Prices Advancing On Flour and Raisins!

Flour, Snow Flake,	\$1.40	Raisins (16 oz. seeded), 3 for	.25
" Hungarian, Raymond,	1.55	Currants, 3 lbs. cleaned,	.25
Sugar, B. C. Gran., 20 lbs.,	1.05	Peel, Mixed, 2 lbs.	.25
" Raw or Yellow, lb.	.05	Mince Meat 2 pkgs.	.25

## Hardress Clarke,

86 DOUGLAS STREET.

disaster, who know that no better plans could be conceived for the continued progress of the country than are now being followed by the party in power at Ottawa—such men have cast truth and honor to the winds, spurned patriotic duty which urges them to acquiesce in allowing Canada to continue on her prosperous career unchecked, and are striving for the destruction of present conditions for the sake of mere party gain.

Such men are working for the election of Colonel Prior in this city. They know he is not to be trusted; that he has deceived the electorate time and time again; that he was dismissed from office for an offence which, if committed in commercial life, would ostracize him from amongst his fellows; that he stands for a policy which, if carried out, would work disastrously to this country. They know all these things, and yet support him. Why? For mere party gain. That is the plain truth of the matter.

They know that Canada is prosperous; that every atom of evidence which can be collected proclaims in thunderous tones that this country is bounding joyously along on the highway to national greatness; that from ocean to ocean the people are at peace and happy and contented; that it is certain as night follows day that British Columbia will shortly be assisted in its development to a magnificent degree by the carrying out of the railway policy of the present government, and that as a consequence the people who dwell within its confines will benefit very materially—they know all these things, yet they are striving for the elevation to office of such a man as Colonel Prior and the overthrow of the present administration.

What is to be thought, what is to be said of such men?

## COMMON SENSE.

## BORDEN'S MADNESS.

"THE SCHEME (MR. BORDEN'S) HAS JUST THE LIFE OF THE ROSE—IT WAS BLOOMING ONE MORNING AND GONE THE NEXT."

"THERE ARE MEN MAD ENOUGH AND BLIND ENOUGH TO PROPOSE THAT WE SHOULD EXTEND THE INTERCOLONIAL TO THE PACIFIC COAST IN FACE OF THE FACT THAT FOR ITS PRESENT LENGTH IT HAS NEVER PAID RUNNING EXPENSES."

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF SUCH ABLE ADMINISTRATORS AS MR. MACKENZIE, MACDONALD, TUPPER, POPE, HAGGART, BLAIR AND EMMERSON."

"IT IS NOT THE MAN WHO IS AT FAULT. THE SYSTEM IS VICIOUS, AND SO LONG AS THE INTERCOLONIAL IS MANAGED ON THE PRESENT SYSTEM, THE SYSTEM WHICH MR. BORDEN WANTS EXTENDED TO THE PACIFIC—YOU WILL NEVER HAVE ANYTHING BUT DEFICITS."

—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

## FAMOUS SERGES

Made by Sir Titus Salt. Suits made from these will never fade.

COOPER &amp; LINKLATER

AGENTS FOR B. C.

COR. FORT AND BROAD.

We guarantee fit, style and workmanship.

## Mainland AND British Lion CIGARS

For Sale Everywhere. Every Cigar Branded.

Don't take anything "just as good." Avoid everything "better." The Mainland and British Lion Cigars cost from \$5.00 to \$15.00 per thousand more than any other Ten Cent Cigar on the market.

## Now are you "on"?

## PEN-PICTURE OF LAURIER.

E. W. Thomson in Boston Transcript.

His face at rest—and it is habitually at rest—is ascetic, and might be called pensive if the word did not connote abstraction, reverie or introspection. The thought whose lines are graven there is of the world and of men exterior to himself. He is little concerned about Wilfrid Laurier. No man is more devoid of pose, but his pose is absolute as that of a soaring bird who scans the entire plain. The singular who scans the entire plain. The singular air of attentive ease has come, one supposes, of forty years given to watching debate from a responsible position, for Laurier sat among the elder statesmen of his country while early in his third decade. Once quick to emotion, he is now always seemingly the unflinching man, secure within, impenetrable by any vocal or paper pellets of the brain, yet responsive mentally to every shade of friendly or hostile meaning. His look upon enemies is never angry, though sometimes indignant; it is scarcely unkind; it philosophically tolerates quite furious manifestations of hostility. Often the enemy is calmed and shamed by that look, which something suggests that Laurier studies the roaring foe with a gentle courtesy. An infinite patience is suggested in the countenance of the Premier, and if you will imagine how there "deliberation sits and public care," and how the care and the deliberation and the patience and the watchfulness and a certain aspect as of a tired old professor all give place to the warm smile of genuine interest and pleasure at each introduction, you may understand why the man is so loved.

## DAYS COME AND GO.

Century.

Leaves fall and flowers fade,  
Days come and go;  
Now is the sweet summer laid  
Low in her leafy glade,  
Low like a fragrant maid,  
Low, low, ah, low.

Tears fall and eyelids ache,  
Hearts overflow;  
Here for our dead love's sake  
Will he again awake?  
Ah, no, no, no.

Winds sigh and skies are gray,  
Days come and go;  
Wild birds are flown away,  
Where are the blooms of May?  
Dead, dead, this many a day,  
Under the snow.

Lips sigh and cheeks are pale,  
Hearts overflow;  
Will not some song or tale  
Kiss or a flower trail,  
With our dead love avail?  
Ah, no, no, no.

## PRIVATE CARS.

The rolling palaces of to-day are expensive luxuries. A private car costs from \$18,000 to \$30,000. Of course everyone cannot have a private car, but the compartments on North-Western Limited from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago are really arranged and the privacy of the berth is enjoyed.

## DAVID SPENCER, Ltd.

Western Canada's Big Store.

GOVERNMENT AND BROAD STS.

See

Page 7 for  
To-day's  
Advertisement

## Douglas Gardens

A few choice lots opposite C.P.R. HOTEL, cheap and on easy terms. One purchaser made a profit of \$2,400 within one year on a purchase of \$1,800.

## WHY NOT YOU?

Money to Loan.  
Fire Insurance Written.  
Stores and Dwellings to Let.

P. R. Brown Co., Ltd.

30 BROAD ST. PHONE 1070.

## A GREAT BARGAIN

## Lot for Sale

On Cadboro Bay Road

Splendid location. Cement sidewalk.

\$550.00 Cash, Balance

\$16.00 per Month

Without interest, in the Victoria Building Society.

SWINERTON &amp; ODDY,

102 GOVERNMENT ST.

## THE TARDY SHAWMUT

Arrived This Morning—Victoria. War Correspondent Returns From the Orient.

After one of her characteristically slow passages from points in the Orient, the steamship Shawmut arrived this morning, eighteen days from Yokohama. She brings a big cargo and a small number of saloon passengers. J. Gordon Smith, formerly of the Colonist staff, who had been engaged by the London Mail to act as war correspondent early in the year, and who afterwards joined the Morning Post staff, was among the arrivals. Until July he and other correspondents had been held at Tokyo, the Japanese promising them for months that eventually they would be allowed to proceed to the front. Leaving Tokyo, Mr. Smith says that a party of eighteen, including himself, proceeded to Tallowan Bay. All thought they were going to Port Arthur, but in this they were disappointed. From Tallowan Bay Mr. Smith says they went on to Kinohou. They passed over the battlefield of Nanshan. At Kaping they were caught in a tremendous thunderstorm, and here it was that Melton Prior came down losing his life, tumbling off his horse and down an embankment into a river. Messrs. Wallace and Whiting, of the party, went to the rescue in an instant and saved Mr. Prior from drowning. General Oku was visited at Hsiehchang, and the correspondents during their stay there made a round of the outposts. From there they went on to Anshan and thence to Lalo Yang. Here Mr. Smith saw the rear-guard fight which had been made to block the advance of the Japanese, and he tells of one thrilling episode where men had been shot down around him. Battlefields strewn with dead, exciting chases after the enemy, hand-to-hand encounters and struggles for strategic positions—all were seen passing under Mr. Smith's observation, which make his own experiences in newspaper enterprise commonplace.

Other passengers on the Shawmut were: B. Cerr, a business man, who is going to Seattle and to other American cities to create an interest in the establishment at Shanghai of a commercial museum; and also to interview a number of American exporters; P. J. Moore, a silk buyer, who has been travelling through China and Japan; F. W. Bradley, belonging to the Mission Press, of Singapore, who is going to Buffalo; W. R. Lyons, his wife and family, from Kobe; and Miss Gladwin, a member of the Dr. McGee party of army nurses from Philadelphia, who for four months was engaged in the big army hospital at Hsiehchang.

## 1904 NOVEMBER 1904

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRID	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

## 1904 DECEMBER 1904

THU 1  
This is the Opening Day of the

## 20th Century Business Training College

New Premises for 500 Pupils. Corner of Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C., and will be the Head Training College for the whole of Canada.

SUBJECTS:  
Shorthand Typewriting (all good makes), Memory Methods; Bookkeeping; Quick at Figures; Spelling; Reading (proof); Newspaper Work; Litho and Letter Press Printing; Engraving; Illustrating; Corrections and Paste and Scissors Work; Penmanship; Geometry; Geography; Languages; Elocution (English); Reporting; Advertising; Ad. Writing; Com. Law for Clerks and Stenographers; Civil Service; Banking; Stocks and Shares; Broking; Insurance; Buying and Selling; Electricity; Telegraphy.

## POSTAL PUPILS—ALL PARTS.

Studio, all day private tuition.  
Studio, evenings, 7 to 9.  
Office, over Imperial Bank, Victoria.

## Rain Coats Cheap

Bought that rain coat yet? For this week only we offer 1.3 off any Macintosh rain coat in the store.

\$6.50 ones for \$4.35

\$8.00 ones for \$5.35

\$10.00 ones for \$6.65

\$15.00 ones for \$10.00

## BUY IT NOW.

W. A. CAMERON,  
55 Johnson St.  
Victoria, B. C.

## POPULISM.

"THIS IS NO LONGER THE PARTY OF SIR JOHN MACDONALD AND SIR CHAS. TUPPER. THIS IS THE PARTY OF POPULISM. SUCH AS FOUND ITS BIRTH ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE LINE, WHICH HAS COME TO THIS DEMOCRATIC DEVELOPMENT OF GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP."

In London there is no public statue of Tennyson, Browning, Wordsworth, Shelley, Keats, Dickens or Thackeray.



## Rub Out That Pain!

The trainers of the giant athletes—football players, boxers, runners, vaulters, hurdlers, jumpers, baseball players, wrestlers, etc., all rub out the pain with some liniment when their performers are bruised or sprained. THEY KNOW WHAT'S BEST.

Put BOWES' LINIMENT on your hands and rub muscle, joint or tendon hard. The pain will stop. It's the right way.

Price 25 Cents.

**CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist, 98 Government St., Near Yates St.**

### CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

—Have you seen our "new art" electric fixtures? We will be pleased to show you them. Hinton Electric Co., Ltd.

—All kinds of upholstery and mattress repairing at Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street. Get our prices.

**At the B. C. Drug Store**

27 JOHNSON ST., NEAR STORE ST.  
Will be found a supply of fine fountain pens, water bottles, Frost King and Queen chamois vests, chest protectors, etc., at a special offer for the next few days. These goods are all first-class quality, and should receive your attention.  
J. TEAGUE  
Phone 356.

—Go to the Senate saloon for oyster cocktails.

—Steamer Whatcom sails daily, except Sunday, for Seattle at 8 p. m. E. E. Blackwood, agent.

—Take in a supply of "SLAB WOOD" before the wet weather sets in. To be had at Lemon, Gonnason & Co.'s mills. Telephone 77. Prompt delivery.

—Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap. Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

—You are invited to visit our "new showrooms" and see our display of useful and artistic electric house fittings, which we are offering at "rock bottom" prices. Hinton Electric Co.

—Something Easy.—Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street, have a lot of easy chairs that they want to clear out to make room for new goods. The prices as well as the chairs are easy.

—The depth and softness of the coloring of Doulton Faience, on exhibition at Messrs. Weller Bros., is very agreeable. Have you seen this ware? Do not delay, there is only a limited selection.

—Cozy Corners.—If you are thinking of adding a cozy corner to the comfort of your home, try Smith & Champion, upholsterers, 100 Douglas street.

—H. H. Abbott, agent of the C. P. R. Co., has been advised of exceptionally low rates on the Atlantic. If you wish a trip to the Old Country call and see him at 86 Government street.

—Fire, Life, Marine and Accident Agency, Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Company. Tickets 25c. a day. Lowest rates for marine insurance on hulls or cargo. Agency, Lloyd's underwriters. Office, Wellington Coal; agency, Atlantic S.S. line. Hall-Gosnell Co., 100 Government St. Tel. call 88.

—Iron bedsteads, springs, mattresses and pillows cheap, at Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street.

**FAWCETT'S FAMILY DRUG STORE**

Is the place to buy your medicines and have your prescriptions filled. Pure drugs, moderate prices and prompt attention all ways. Telephone 630 if you are in a hurry and you will find us there day and night.  
E. W. FAWCETT.  
Cor. Douglas Street and King's Road.

The steamer for Seattle and other Puget Sound points sails at 8 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Office, 100 Government St.

—Good dry No. 2 wood, \$3.20 per cord. John Bros.

—For Nanaimo—Y. & S. R. and steamer Iroquois. A delightful trip among the islands, Mondays and Thursdays.

—MODERN HOMES.—People desiring up-to-date houses before winter would do well to consult the B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, as that company are just completing a number of very desirable houses which they are offering for sale on the installment plan. This is a good opportunity to secure a home by paying a little more than a monthly rental. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street.

—Have you seen the new sofa cushion made of "kapok." Better than feathers, and cost only about half as much. At Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street.

—All kinds of upholstery and repairing done promptly and well. Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street.

**Just Opened Up**

ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF

**FINE IMPORTED WORSTED SUITINGS**

We would like you to see them, and we are satisfied you will do the rest.

**PEDEN'S**

36 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

### A Good Opportunity!

To acquire a fine new and modern residence, centrally located, roomy and with all the modern conveniences. Do not miss this, it is

#### A SNAP

Fire and Life Insurance Agents.  
Money to Loan.

### Grant & Conyers

NO. 2 VIEW STREET.  
(Corner Broad Street).

—A meeting of the North Ward Young Men's Club will be held in their rooms this evening at 8 o'clock.

—Ladies of the Maccabees will again meet at the home of Mrs. Rathbone, 190 Yates street, below Vancouver street, at half-past 2 o'clock, to-morrow afternoon, to continue their work on behalf of the rally fund.

—The Mothers' Club will hold its regular meeting on Wednesday afternoon, in Spring Ridge school, at 3 o'clock sharp. The subject for discussion will be "The Influence of School Life on the Child's Character." It is hoped there will be a large attendance, and all mothers will be made welcome.

—The regular rehearsal for "Samson" takes place to-morrow night in First Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock prompt. As there remains but two weeks to the date of the performance, every member of the chorus is particularly requested to be present at each rehearsal. The tenors will meet for part practice at 7:30 to-morrow night, and it is hoped that all will make an effort to be present.

—On Sunday Harry Ball, book-keeper at the Canadian Pacific cannery at Stevenson, was drowned while duck hunting. His boat having capsized he attempted to swim ashore, but became exhausted before reaching land. J. Donnelly, of the Colonial cannery, his companion, clung to the upturned boat and was rescued by a Chinaman. Ball leaves a widow and child to mourn his loss.

—The vital statistics for October are as follows: Births, 39; deaths, 26; marriages, 71. Of the births, 18 were females and 21 males. The deaths include five infants. Of the marriages, some 30 were of persons non-resident in the province.

—A very successful rehearsal of the new cantata was held last Sunday evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. This, in conjunction with an organ recital, is to be given next Monday evening, and a great musical treat is in store for all those who attend.

—Educational classes in connection with the Young Men's Christian Association opened last evening. L. Tait, principal of North Ward school, had charge of those taking up arithmetic. The subject for to-night will be bookkeeping. Twenty-two students have already entered the different classes.

—The death of Fred Smith occurred at the Jubilee hospital on Sunday. Deceased was 31 years of age. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the parlors of W. J. Hanna. Religious services were conducted by Rev. G. K. B. Adams and the following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. Gibson, Haase, Wiggs and Molyneux.

—It pays to make good things. Cheap goods cannot hold trade. Grocers stocking Huntley & Palmer's Biscuits, Breakfast and Dinner biscuits, find customers will not be without them. To get an idea of what difference a biscuit makes in eating cheese, try Huntley & Palmer's Dinner biscuit. Huntley & Palmer's Breakfast biscuit is a perfect kind of unsweetened Rusk, very light and digestible, better than toast; for use with butter, cheese, preserves and breakfast beverages.

—Special service will be held in Christ Church cathedral this evening at 8 o'clock. The preacher will be Rev. H. Connell, rector of St. Luke's, Cedar Hill. The music set for the service follows: Voluntary, Postlude, J. Batiste Calkin; Processional Hymn, 436; Proper Psalm cxlii, Turlin in G; Magnificat, J. H. Maundrell; Nunc Dimittis, J. H. Maundrell; Anthem, "Hallelujah! What Are These," Sir J. Stainer; Hymns, 221 and 437; Recessional Hymn, 222; Voluntary, Offertoire in E flat, Dr. Heap.

—During October the fire department received fifteen calls, but the total damage from fire was very light, amounting to only fifty dollars. The returns were as follows: October 1st, by telephone, chimney fire, Victoria West; October 9th, box 6, bush fire, Dallas road; October 9th, by telephone, small fire behind Selk's building; October 10th, box 23, false alarm; October 12th, chimney fire, Michigan street; October 15th, box 3, chimney fire, Birdenow walk; October 16th, by telephone, chimney fire, Brown Jug saloon; October 18th, by telephone, fire in cowshed at Donaldson's, Superior street, damage, \$50; October 23rd, 3 a. m., by telephone, rubbish fire at the foot of James street, Victoria West; 1:30 p. m., by telephone, grass fire in park; 2:30 p. m., box 123, false alarm; 6:45 p. m., box 42, sparks issuing from chimney in North Pembroke street; 7:30 p. m., by telephone, rubbish fire on James Bay flats; October 27th, box 27, 4:20 a. m., fire in rear of J. P. Wall's, North Park street, caused by ashes in wooden box.

## The Paterson Shoe Co's Stores

### BOOTS, SHOES And RUBBERS

Retail at Wholesale Prices

There Is A Leading Shoe House, And It's Ours.

It gains and holds its enviable position by its own methods - by qualities that appeal strongly to the wearers of good foot-wear. We show all the new fall styles, and we would be pleased to show them to you. Better shoes for the same money, or less money for the same shoes, than you pay anywhere else in the city.

Proof? The Shoes

**The Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.**  
THE LEADING SHOE DEALERS.

—The latest 5 o'clock tea fad is the Meehan-Wafer, a particularly light biscuit with a delicate coffee flavor. Another novelty being used at many fashionable functions is the Carmencita biscuit, both made by Huntley & Palmer, which is a guarantee of their quality.

—News has been received of the death of Prof. Fletcher on the 16th of October, at his parents' home, Colchester county, Nova Scotia. Prof. Fletcher, who resided here for some years, left this city over twelve months ago accompanied by Mrs. Fletcher. He has many friends in Victoria who will deeply mourn his death.

—On Friday evening next Rev. G. K. B. Adams, pastor of Metropolitan Methodist church, will deliver his entertaining and instructive lecture "Grip and Get" in the High school assembly room. Rev. Mr. Adams is well known as a strong and eloquent speaker. His forthcoming lecture, replete with humor and wisdom, has been delivered on several occasions in the East, and very favorably mentioned by the press. This will be Mr. Adams' first appearance on the lecture platform in Victoria. Those who wish to hear him on this occasion will act wisely to secure course tickets and thus insure seats.

#### POTTERY WARE.

SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRE CLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC., A. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND FANDORA STREETS, VICTORIA.

### A Piano Bargain

For sale, a small upright piano, walnut case, ivory keys, in first-class condition.

\$75.00.

This is an extraordinary opportunity to buy a good serviceable piano cheap.

**FLETCHER BROS.**

#### JUST TO MENTION

Susan, as sung by Isadore Rush. The Boulevard two-step. A good 'un. Priscilla waltzes. Wilhelmina waltzes. The Troubadour two-step. The Circus Parade March, by Paul. Lots of others constantly being received.

Just in  
A choice lot of new Standard songs, direct from the London publishers.

**M. W. Waitt & Co., Ltd**

"THE" Music Dealers

44 GOVERNMENT ST.

## The People's Store

### November Great Money-Saving Sale

These Prices Cannot Fail To Interest You

**Ladies' Long Sleeved Vests and Drawers**

Regular price 65c. Sale ... 25c.

**Ladies' Flannelette Drawers**

Regular 50c. Sale price ... 25c. pair.

**Ladies' pink, blue and white Flannelette Night Gowns**

Regular 65c. quality. Now ... 45c.

Regular \$1 quality. Now ... 70c.

**Ladies' white Cotton Night Gowns**

Regular 75c. Sale ... 40c.

Regular 90c. Sale ... 45c.

Regular \$1.25. Sale ... 80c.

All trimmed with Torchon Lace and Insertion.

**Men's Furnishings**

Socks, regular value, 20c.

Sale, 2 pairs for ... 25c.

Socks, regular value 25c.

Sale, ... 15c. pair.

Ties, 4-in-hand (all colors), 3

for ... 25c.

Underwear, Shirts and Draw-

ers, from ... 15c. pair up.

**P. D. Corsets**

Regular value \$2.50. Sale ... \$1.00

Regular value \$3.50. Sale ... \$1.25

A lot of odd makes of Corsets;

regular from \$1.25 and \$1.

Now ... 50c. pair.

**Glass Towelling**

(Red and Blue Check.)

Regular 10c. quality. Sale,

14 yards for ... \$1.00

**Children's Eiderdown Jackets**

Regular \$4.25. Sale ... \$2.25

**Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Cur-**

**tains**

All at money saving prices.

**Shirting and Apron Gingham**

Good quality ... 10c. yard.

**Flannelette**

From ... 7 1/2c. yard.

**Prints**

(Good Dark Colors.)

Regular 10c. quality. Now 14

yards for ... \$1.00

**Dress Goods**

All at half price.

**Ladies' Hosiery**

From 2 pairs for ... 25c. up.

**Ladies' Jackets and Raincoats**

At half price.

**Belding Wash Embroidery Silks, all Shades, for this week only 35 cents per dozen.**

**Stamped Linens at Money-Saving Prices.**

**Instructions in all branches of Art Needle Work. Stamping done at reasonable prices.**

**THE PEOPLE'S STORE, 88 1/2 Douglas Street**



## Ladies' \$9 to \$10.75 Jackets for \$6.50 ea.

Last winter's Coats will hardly do you this season. The fashionable, up-to-date Coat is cut shorter this year and Cape effects are being worn. There are other changes that make the new Coat much different from that of a year ago.

**ANOTHER GREAT SPECIAL FOR WEDNESDAY**

Talk about Jacket Bargains and Jacket Selling! This for WEDNESDAY is about the best we have put out in Ladies' Jackets for many a day. Fully 23 of the very latest creations in Ladies' Fall Jackets, with the new Cape effect, and intended for selling at \$9.00, \$9.50, to \$10.75 each, are to go on sale WEDNESDAY at ...

**\$6.50**

— EACH —

**50-Inch Dress Material Wednesday, at 50c yard.**

**The Hutcheson Co., Ltd., Victoria, B. C.**

**See Our Windows.**  
**THE SAUNDERS GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED**  
PHONE, 28. 39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.  
**THE "WEST END" GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED**  
PHONE, 88. 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

**The Victoria Young Liberal Club will hold one of their enjoyable smokers in the A. O. U. W. hall to-morrow night from 8 o'clock. Among the guests will be W. W. B. McInnes, M. P. P. All who attend will be insured a pleasant evening.**

## WE WANT YOU TO KNOW

That we are Sole Agent for the RALSTON HEALTH SHOES. They wear well, fit well and are full of style.



Ladies' \$2 Shoes better than you usually see.  
Ladies' \$1.25 Strap Slippers, worth \$2.  
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots, kid tip, Good years wear, \$2.50.  
Men's Corona Colt Blucher; the price is \$5.  
We push the Invictus Shoes because we know they are good.  
Men's Grain Watertight topsole for \$2.50.  
Men's Box Calf, lace, leather lined, for \$2.50.  
Boys' Box Calf, stout soles, lace boots, \$2.00.  
Youths' Box Calf, stout soles, lace boots, \$1.50.  
Ladies' Warm Slippers for cold feet, 75c to \$1.25.



YOU MAKE NO MISTAKE BY COMING TO

**JAMES MAYNARD**

85 Douglas Street, Oddfellows' Block.



## Xmas Cakes

Currants, 3 pounds for 25 cts

Raisins, 3 pounds for 25 cts

Peel, 2 pounds for 25 cts

## Mince Meat

Ciders, Boiled and Fresh Spices and  
Nice Mincing Apples

Extra Choice Apples, \$1.00 per box

## Mowat's Grocery,

77 YATES STREET.

FREE SILVERWARE WITH EVERY SALE.

## AT LAST MR. COWAN GOT HIS CHANCE

MADE A SPEECH TO  
A TORY GATHERING

On Better Terms—Colonel Prior Says  
He is Not as Black as He is  
Painted.

At last Geo. H. Cowan, of Vancouver, has spoken. His third attempt to unload his little story, "Better Terms," on a Victoria audience was successful, doubtless because there was no Sir Hibbert Tupper on hand to monopolize the time of the meeting. Mr. Cowan's opportunity presented itself at a fairly well-attended gathering of Col. Prior's supporters and a goodly number of Liberals in the A. O. U. W. hall last evening. It is unfortunate that after waiting so long Mr. Cowan didn't have a larger audience, but it was the best the colonel's friends could attract (with no Sir Hibbert as a drawing card).

George Jay presided and opened the meeting with the usual introductory remarks, after which he called upon Col. Prior to address the meeting.

The colonel congratulated the meeting on its attendance, considering the weather. He was glad to see that the campaign was "warming up"—it had been rather quiet so far.

He complained against what he described as the unfair tactics of his opponents, whom he charged with circulating scurrilous rumors about him. He branded the reports as absolutely false, and challenged anyone to prove them.

He was no saint; he did not profess to be better than his fellow men, but he was as good as any of them.

The colonel then modestly intimated that he would make a better representative than Mr. Riley, in fact he was distinctly all right at expressing himself.

He (Colonel Prior) had big interests in the town, and today had paid his taxes. Mr. Riley, on the other hand, was a "carpet bagger," with only a few rooms at the Balmora, and had no business interests in this place.

The Conservative candidate continued to make these pleasant little allusions to himself and Mr. Riley, after which he switched on to Senator Templeman. The latter, he said, in his paper had charged the speaker with taking the people's money by giving a contract to his firm while he was a member of the government. Well, wasn't Senator Templeman a member of the government, and didn't the Times receive government money?

The colonel made the Senator the sole subject of his discourse for the next few minutes, and thundered forth the startling announcement that he (Senator Templeman) was recreant to the trust reposed in him as a representative of British Columbia in the Dominion government.

Taking up the railway question, he launched the usual ineffectual Tory tirade against the Grand Trunk Pacific, and preached the gospel of government roads.

Before he sat down he read the remarks of the latest Conservative idol, Mr. Blair, on the railway question, all of which may be found in the Conservative campaign literature, freely circulated throughout the country.

Geo. H. Cowan, the guest of the evening, and specialist on "Better Terms," was then introduced in appropriate manner by the chairman.

Mr. Cowan, in starting out on his little story, eulogized Colonel Prior as the first

champion of better terms for this province, and predicted that he would have another opportunity to advance the question after Thursday.

This matter had a great local coloring in Victoria, and was one of peculiar interest to its people. It was important to every elector in the province; it was the paramount issue in this contest, because it touched the pockets of every person.

Governments of British Columbia, composed of Liberals and Conservatives, had made repeated demands for better terms to the government at Ottawa. Surely such a claim made year after year, and presented in the most formal way by delegations, was entitled to the courtesy of a reply, but one never came, "not a word, not a sound, not a whisper"—until the 4th of January, when it came in a letter from Premier Laurier to the provincial Premier.

The province had presented its claim; the Dominion government had denied it. There then arose an issue between the two which showed that there was an issue of better terms in this campaign. Since when did Sir Wilfrid Laurier see difficulties in making a separate arrangement with British Columbia? It must have been since 1901, for then Nova Scotia had secured better terms by a separate arrangement. Other provinces had received them under separate arrangement. The difficulties which were conjured up in the vision of Sir Wilfrid Laurier with respect to British Columbia in 1904 did not enter into consideration in regard to those other provinces.

The Ottawa government had not promised to take the subject up; it had sheltered itself behind an "if," and even if there was no "if" there was a likelihood that this province's demands would be shelved. The Dominion subsidies were granted to enable the provinces to administer their affairs, and they should be granted not on the basis of population, but on the basis of cost of administration.

If the cost of administering the affairs of this province was from some cause peculiar to it, so great that its revenue was not sufficient to enable it to meet the expenditure, that province must go to the wall. The terms of confederation should be sufficient to enable the province to administer its affairs.

Mr. Cowan then went into an exhaustive and wearisome description of the physical characteristics of the province, so wearisome in fact that one old gentleman in the front row yawned audibly and appealingly.

Will the Liberals and the Victoria Times, Mr. Cowan continued, tell the people that it didn't cost more to administer the affairs of this province than those of the other provinces?

In British Columbia an ordinary wagon road cost \$2,123 per mile on an average. In the northern part of Ontario, up to 1885, 2,353 miles of wagon roads had been built, costing \$854,000, or an average of \$294 per mile.

British Columbia's handicap in administering her affairs was three-quarters of a million per year. What had been done? The province had borrowed and borrowed until its debt was fourteen dollars per head of the population. It had borrowed until its borrowing power was gone.

He then alluded to the humiliating spectacle presented at the last session of the legislature, when the province was driven to usury in order to raise the money to pay a paltry \$1,000,000 overdraft, and that sum was borrowed under pressure by the banks, and in a ruinous manner. The government then resorted to the only course opened to it, the imposition of heavy taxes.

This was the result of the unjust treatment meted out by the Dominion, which refused to indemnify the province by lifting the three-quarters of a million handicap under which it was languishing.

"I say that in this union there is the germ of discord and disruption," Mr. Cowan continued heroically. "I say that fearlessly. We can carry our burdens no longer."

But what did Mr. Borden say? He said British Columbia's conditions were entitled to separate treatment and separate relief. He went further, and promised to investigate the matter immediately and he was returned to power.

This promise was made by a man who in public or private had never broken his word (familiar phrase).

Mr. Cowan was then pleased to give the Times a little advertisement. He said he always pleaded guilty before such an "awful tribunal," and adorned this stage of his dissertation with a tale which, to give Mr. Cowan just credit, was nicely, very nicely, told.

Liberals said that the Conservatives were responsible for present conditions, as they had framed the terms of union, but was this so? It was Her Majesty's Liberal government in England that had commanded the adoption of those terms.

The present government at Ottawa were to be held responsible by the electors of this province, because they admitted the wrongs but did not right them.

He charged the Liberal government with taking out of this province since 1896 upwards of \$11,000,000 more than they should have taken—to be squandered in other provinces with larger voting power.

Mr. Cowan then proceeded to lash himself mock heroes, and charged the Laurier government with neglect to protect the industries of this province, citing the lumber industry, the shipping interests and the laboring interests as samples.

He then got a trifle wild, and rang in the Dundonald incident—not as a provincial industry, but merely as a side whack at the unfortunate Liberal government.

The Dominion government, he said, was depriving this province of her due share of the inter-provincial trade of Canada, and British Columbia was getting but one ninth of what it was entitled to.

The speaker continued to "rage and imagine a vain thing" until out of a triviality he had erected a glaring, hideous scarecrow larger than Mount St. Elias, much to the alarm and amazement of the more nervous ones in the province.

Sooner or later he predicted that the people of British Columbia would make their voice heard, and if their wrongs were not redressed their eyes would be turned with an angry glare upon the doors of parliament—pretty dangerous doctrine, Mr. Cowan, no matter by whom it is expounded.

He closed by appealing for the return of Col. Prior on November 3rd.

D. B. Bogle delivered his speech on the railroad, and after a few remarks by Mr. Earle the meeting adjourned.

### WOMEN WHO FAINT

must constantly live in dread of the next attack. When you feel nauseous and dizzy, don't take brandy or whiskey—try Nerviline. It brings strength to the nerves and restores the disordered stomach. By using Polson's Nerviline occasionally you can permanently cure any tendency to faint. Keep Nerviline on hand. 25c. for a large bottle at all dealers.

### H. D. HELMCKEN'S OPINION.

The president of the Victoria Conservative Association expressed himself as follows in respect to the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme:

Mr. George Riley, Ottawa.  
Dear Sir:—With regard to the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme, it is very well received all around. Of course there are some who would kick anyhow, but so far as British Columbia is concerned I think it is a scheme which will be found acceptable to the large majority of people in the country. At any rate, it is one which I think people will be very foolish to pass now an opportunity of that kind is offered, and if it is knocked on the head, of which I do not think there is the slightest prospect, it will be very difficult to get the same scheme again, or one which affects the country so well.

H. D. HELMCKEN.  
Victoria, July, 1903.

"AS YOU LIKE IT."

Charming Shakespearean Drama to Be Presented Here on Saturday Night.

The Winnipeg Telegram speaks very highly of Miss Florence Gale and company, who will present that delightful Shakespearean play "As You Like It" at the Victoria theatre next Saturday evening. The paper says:

"Miss Florence Gale as Rosalind, previously unknown to a Winnipeg audience, and heralded only by the modesty of a modest provincial actor, was most effectively endorsed as an actress of rare charms and sterling ability. Magnificent she is a captivating degree."

"The note on the programme just above the cast, advising the reader that the names of the performers were given in the order in which they made their appearance on the stage, was superfluous so far as Miss Gale was concerned. No one could doubt when that figure appeared in the doorway of the balcony, and those soulful eyes set in a sweet face, looked over the railing at Celia, that the leading lady, a true Rosalind, was there. That appearance was the signal for the departure of any meanness that might have been caused to a sceptical audience, and even had all the rest of the cast been this one feature would have proven powerful enough to save the show."

"With Miss Gale it was a triumph throughout, but it was in the scene where Orlando's brother presented her with a blood-stained handkerchief and told the story of it, that she touched closest to the mark of perfection. It was then that she had the critics going to a finish."

THE ORIGINAL CORN CURE.

Nearly fifty years ago Putnam's Corn Extractor was first manufactured. It has been wonderfully successful. Wherever used it cures permanently. Putnam's has magic unknown in ordinary remedies; it's the best.

"I am dead opposed to government ownership and operation."

—Sir George Drummond.

"Queen's Head" Galvanized Iron

Is perfectly galvanized—wont rust—wont turn black. Good roofers and tinners always use it.

MANUFACTURED BY  
JOHN LYSAGHT, LIMITED.  
A. C. LESLIE & CO., MONTREAL.  
MANAGERS CANADIAN BRANCH

# TETLEY'S Choice TEAS

Absolutely  
Pure  
Sold By  
All Grocers



Acknowledged  
To Be The  
Best Value  
In The Market

HUDSON'S BAY CO., Distributing Agents.

## PROVINCIAL NEWS.

### KAMLOOPS.

"I will never be hanged." So exclaimed Joshua Bell, convicted of killing a woman at Phoenix. Bell, although a small man, is very muscular. The police think they may have some trouble with him between now and the day of execution in January. He has been placed in the condemned cell at the jail, to await the carrying out of the death sentence.

### TRAIL.

W. F. Irwin, a prominent citizen of Winnipeg, representing the Great West Life Insurance Company, while here in the interests of his company, dropped dead on the main street last Wednesday morning. Apoplexy is supposed to have been the immediate cause of death. The body of the deceased was placed in a casket and sent to Winnipeg.

### ROSSLAND.

Judge John Bouthie has returned from the tour of the district he was obliged to take as returning officer. He went along the main line from Revelstoke to Golden, visited the Slocan and Trout Lake mining divisions, and called at many points along the Crow's Nest line as far east as Coleman, which is just over the British Columbia line in Alberta. Judge Bouthie says that he found business good everywhere he went during his trip. Along the main line lumbering is very active, and this is especially the case in the vicinity of Revelstoke. In the vicinity of Trout Lake there is considerable mining activity, while at Ferguson the big combination quartz mill of the Ferguson Mines, Ltd., is in full blast, and is turning out lots of bullion. In the Slocan and at Moyie, under the beneficent effect of the Dominion lead bounty, silver-lead mines are producing large quantities of ore. Fernie and the coal mining sections generally are active, and large numbers of men are at work. Cranbrook is prospering, and has just put in new water works, and the water was turned on the day that Judge Bouthie was there.

### NELSON.

Rev. W. W. Baer has returned from Cranbrook, where he had gone to assist Rev. S. J. Thompson in the celebration of the anniversary services of the Methodist church there. Mr. Baer says Cranbrook is a hustling place and a good deal of building is going on there. The anniversary of the church was a splendid success from every point of view.

In accordance with a resolution of the board of school trustees, adopted last spring, fire drills are held periodically at both public and high schools in the city. At the public school there are four doors for the egress of seven classes totalling over 300 children. At the high school there are two doors to accommodate the two divisions of the high school and one class of the public school, a total of about 90 children. Practices have been held from time to time with results gratifying to the teachers and trustees, and also to the chief of the fire department. The children of both buildings are now trained to act without hesitation, without question or orders, at the sound of the bell, and the time taken to clear the buildings is almost a guarantee of safety of all the children in the event of the worst that might happen. The other day the high school was cleared in 18 seconds from the ring of the bell, the public school in 38 seconds. Both schools are provided with fire alarms that may be operated either by the principals or by the chief of the fire department.

### BOOT ON TOTHER FOOT NOW.

Brantford Examiner.

The Hamilton Spectator wants to know if "a solid Quebec" is a good thing for Canada. Cannot say exactly, but we never heard any kick about a solid French vote when Sir John Macdonald used to get it. Nor, judging from results, is it a very bad thing if it helps to give us Laurier and prosperity.

### Cancer, Its Cause and Cure.

The more carefully this subject is studied the more evident it becomes that there is a peculiar condition of the blood which favors the growth of the disease and until this condition is changed by a constitutional treatment such as ours, there is little if any hope of a permanent cure. Send 6 cents for full particulars.

D. V. Stott & Son, Bowmanville, Ont.

### SUDDEN DEATHS ON THE INCREASE.

—People apparently well and happy to-day, to-morrow are stricken down, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the heart is the cause. The king of heart remedies, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, is within reach of all. It relieves in 30 minutes, and cures most chronic cases.—U.S.

FOR SALE—By owner, 5 roomed cottage and lot 50x120. Apply 80 Yates street.

FOR SALE—Hereward street, Victoria West, a four roomed cottage, with bathroom and pantry, and two lots 50x100; also a new Dominion piano and machine (Singer) in first-class order. Apply to T. Farrand, on premises.

ST. BARNABAS'S CHURCH—Annual bazaar, under auspices of the Ladies Aid and Willing Helpers, on Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 2nd and 3rd, in the Victoria Hall, Blanchard street. To be opened at 3 p. m. High teas and luncheon will be provided. Mr. Longfield's orchestra will be in attendance. Admission free; after 6 p. m., 10 cents.

### TO LET.

Job printing rooms in Times building, power included. Possession after August 31st. Apply at the Times office.

THREE AND FOUR YEAR Courses in Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Mineralogy and Geology, Biology and Public Health.

Write Secretary, Kingston, Ont., for Calendar

## For Lumber, Sash, Doors, And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.

MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.  
P. O. BOX 622. TEL. 504.

## \$3,250.00 REWARD

FOR THE CLOSEST ESTIMATES OF THE TOTAL VOTE TO BE POLLED AT  
THE DOMINION ELECTIONS, ON NOVEMBER 3rd, 1904

Will be paid by THE CALCULE COMPANY, 9 Toronto St., Toronto.

CERTIFICATE  
\$3,250.00 has been deposited with The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, 14 King Street West, Toronto. The money will remain in the Trusts Company's hands and payment will be made by them for the best estimates when the official figures of the total vote polled in the General Elections are issued by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE CO., LIMITED.

Figure it Out for Yourself. The following statistics may help some:—  
In the General Elections of 1897 there were 636,530 votes polled throughout the Dominion; in 1901 there were 720,094, an increase of eight per cent. over the figures for 1897; in 1904 there were 835,500, an increase of sixteen per cent. over 1901; in 1900 there were 852,496 votes polled, an increase of fourteen per cent. over 1897; in 1903 there were 833,230; for 1904 was 5,371,051.

How many Votes will be Polled in 1904?  
SEND ONE DOLLAR?

You have four opportunities to earn \$2,500.00 for every dollar you send with your estimates—and if your estimates are received before noon of October 31st, you have an opportunity to earn an extra \$250.00, making \$2,750.00 in one prize.

\$250.00 for the best estimate received up to noon of October 17th.

\$250.00 for the best estimate received between Oct. 17th and noon of Oct. 24th.

\$250.00 for the best estimate received between Oct. 24th and noon of Oct. 31st.

\$2,500.00 for the best estimate of the total number of votes to be polled. This estimate to be mailed to the Trusts Co. before midnight of Nov. 3rd.

For one dollar you may estimate that the total vote polled will be 1,000,000, 1,000,000, 1,000,000, or any set of four figures you think likely, and if one of your figures is nearest to the official return you will receive the money.

Use this blank or one of your own, and mail it to  
NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
P.O. \_\_\_\_\_  
THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO.  
ENCLOSED HERewith, 3  
I ESTIMATE THAT THE TOTAL VOTE POLLED AT THE GENERAL ELECTIONS WILL BE:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_

Write one of your estimates on each of above lines

The Calcule Company

9 Toronto Street, Toronto.

## Subscribe for the Times.

## WINTER BOOTS

Wet Weather is coming. Prepare For It by Buying Reliable Boots at

## WATSON'S SHOE STORE

65 YATES STREET

We Are Well Stocked With Ladies' and Gents' Boots of All Kinds.

Also Boys' and Girls' School Boots—none better. Mail Orders Promptly Attended To

### Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Ladies' Favorite.

Is the only safe, reliable

regulator on which woman

can depend "in the hour

and time of need."

Prepared in two degrees of

strength, No. 1 and No. 2.

No. 1—For ordinary cases

is by far the best dollar

stronger—three dollars per box.

Ladies—ask your druggist for Cook's

Cotton Root Compound. Take no other

as all pills, mixtures and imitations are

dangerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and

recommended by all druggists in the Do-

minion of Canada. Mailed to any address

on receipt of price and four-cent postage

stamp. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

No. 1 and 2 are sold in all Victoria drug

stores.



**Stylish Millinery**  
\$4.75 & \$8.75

See display in windows

# DAVID SPENCER, Limited

Western Canada's Big Store

**MILLINERY**

\$2.50 for outing hats  
all newly trimmed

From start to finish the month of November will be a lively one at the Big Store. All doors are wide open to the new season. Autumn is well advanced—Winter approaches. David Spencer, Limited, is at its best. The splendid stocks for which this store is famed are at your command. Unmatched variety, superiority of quality, unequal economics have made this store the retail centre of Victoria. It will be much more this month. We have large quantities of special offerings prepared for the first week of November. Just at the time when winter goods are most wanted comes along this important trade event.

## Timely Economics on Underwear

This is likely to be one of the busiest weeks of the year in Hosiery and Underwear for men, women and children. We are provided with every style of garment that will be desired, but the special news to-day that should ring many here this week, is about quite a variety of underwear, that is offered at prices that will not be matched perhaps for two months to come.

### Wool Underwear

One dozen Women's and Children's light weight Drawers; values \$1.15 to \$1.50 for 75c.

Two dozen Children's white merino Drawers, winter weight; value \$1.50 for 50c.

Three dozen Women's winter weight merino Drawers and Vests; values \$1.75 to \$2.50 for \$1.25.

Oddments in Women's natural wool vests; values \$1.25 for 65c.

One dozen heavy weight natural wool Vests; value \$1.50 for 75c.

Eighteen dozen natural wool Vests, long sleeves (small sizes only in women's); value \$1.25 for 65c.

Fourteen dozen Infants' Wool Vests, short sleeves, pure and soft wool; for 25c.

Nine and a half dozen Infants' (sizes 1 to 6), Silk Vests in pink, long and short sleeves; price 50c.

Eight and a half dozen Women's pink and natural Vests, long sleeves; values \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 for \$1.50.

Four dozen Women's pink ribbed Vests, long sleeves; value 90c for 75c.

Two dozen pink Vests; value 75c for 65c.

Eleven dozen Children's pink wool Vests, English made; for 35c to 60c, according to size.

Forty-one dozen white wool Vests, three-quarter sleeves, sizes 1 to 6 years; value 25c and 35c for 17 1/2c, or 2 for 35c.

One dozen Women's fine black wool vests, for 50c.

### Men's Underwear

At 65c—Men's all-wool striped Shirts and Drawers.

At \$1.00—One line of fleece underwear.

At 65c—Value 75c. At 65c—Value 75c, heavy natural wool vests and drawers.

At 40c—Heavy make wool and cotton underwear.

At 35c—Striped wool and cotton mixed.

At 25c—Striped Union Shirts and Drawers.

At \$1.00—Australian wool Shirts and Drawers.

At 75c—Fine ribbed wool underwear.

**Jackets and Raincoats**

A late delivery, to be sold under their regular prices. All bright new styles, made especially for us. The manufacturer shipped these garments four weeks later than he agreed to, and his loss will be your gain. We shall sell them at the following reductions:

**Women's Raincoats (Rainproof)**

\$20.00 Coats for \$15.00  
\$18.00 Coats for \$13.50  
\$15.00 Coats for \$11.50  
\$12.50 Coats for \$10.00

**Women's Jackets**

Jackets at \$12.50, \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50, all in this sale at \$10.00 each.

A grand chance to secure your new winter coat at little money.

## SALE OF LACES

Worth twice to four times these prices

This is a grand offering of high-grade imported Laces. The collection is very large and presents a very extensive variety for selection.

All-over Laces, Net and Gimpure Insertions, Net Gimpure Laces, Medallion Laces in Net and Gimpure combinations; colors, white, black, cream, champagne and combination colors; Gimpure Edgings, \$1.00 values for 50c; Oriental Insertions, \$1.25 values for 50c; White Oriental Insertions, 45c and 95c values for 25c.

Red and White Linen Insertions, \$1.75 value for 50c; green and white, blue and white embroidery, on linen medallion design, \$1.25 for 50c.

**Some Exceptionally Good Values from the Dress Goods Department**

Grey and white, brown and white, and green and white Zebrine; special 50c yard.

**Extra Heavy 50-inch Goods, 50c yard**

Suitable for ladies' costumes, in three colors only—navy and black, maroon and black, and brown and black. The cloth is worth \$1.00 yard.

Golf Cloaking, 54 inches wide; colors, green and white check, plaid back; special \$1.50 yard.

Linen Yak Lace, \$1.00 values for 50c; 50c values for 25c.

Drop Gimpure Trimming, \$1.00 value for 50c.

White Gimpure Laces, \$1.75 for \$1.00; \$1.25 for 50c; 85c for 50c.

Persian Embroidered Design, on Flannel, \$1.75 for 75c.

Net Insertions, \$2.25 value for \$1.00.

Medallion Insertions, 75c and \$1.00 for 25c.

Black Silk Yak Lace, 40c qualities 25c; 75c qualities 45c; \$1.25 and \$1.50 qualities 75c.

White Gimpure Insertions, 50c and 75c qualities for 25c.

Black Chantilly Lace, 50c value 15c yard.

Black and White Silk Insertions, \$1.00 and \$1.50 qualities for 50c.

All-over Laces, about 20 pieces to sell in this sale from one-quarter to one-half their regular prices.

Silk Yak Lace and Insertions, champagne color, 50c qualities 25c; 75c qualities 35c; \$1.00 qualities 50c; \$1.25 and \$1.50 qualities 75c.

**Tulle Ruchings**

Colors, black, white, cream, champagne, Nile, rose, etc.; 15c values 5c yard.

**Black Sateen Underskirts**

**Sixty-Eight \$2.50 Sateen Skirts for \$1.90**

Two styles—one a heavy make of bright finish, Italian (lustrous), deep flounce, accordion pleated and four rows of ruching; \$2.50 value for \$1.90.

Another a heavy sateen, 22-inch flounce, upper part of flounce with three 1-inch tucks, lower part with three half-inch tucks and 6-inch frill, with cluster of seven tucks, also dust frill. Value \$2.50 for \$1.90.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

**Handkerchiefs**

2,000 dozen of fine Muslin Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the largest consignment ever shipped into British Columbia. The reason of this large purchase is that we bought them at prices much under the regular values. All bright and new; 15c values for 10c; 25c values for 15c; 30c values for 20c; 35c values for 25c; 50c values for 35c.

## Five Thousand Yards Ribbon

Fancy Striped Ribbons, suitable for neckwear, fancy work, cushion frills, etc.; 20c values 10c; 25c and 35c values 15c.

Extra Wide Width Ribbons, polka dots and fancy designs, Dresden, etc.; 50c, 75c and \$1.00 values for 25c.

Taffeta Ribbons, all plain colors, 20c and 25c values 15c.

**Six Thousand Yards of Embroideries**

Edges and Insertions, all in 4 yard, 4 1/2 yard and 5 yard lengths; we will sell these as follows:

10c qualities 5c; 15c qualities 10c; 25c qualities 15c per yard.

**Tulle Ruchings**

Colors, black, white, cream, champagne, Nile, rose, etc.; 15c values 5c yard.

**Flannelette Underwear**

Manufacturers were compelled to get higher prices this year for Flannelette goods on account of this material costing a great deal more. We will give you values in this sale, even lower than last year's prices, as follows:

Ladies' Gowns, twenty dozen, which could not be sold in the regular way less than \$1.25, for 95c.

Ladies' Gowns, \$1.00 value, for 75c.

Ladies' Gowns, 90c value, for 65c.

Ladies' Drawers, 50c quality, for 37 1/2c; 75c qualities for 60c.

Children's Drawers, 25c quality, 2 pair for 35c; 50c quality 35c.

Children's Gowns, 65c quality for 50c; 85c quality for 65c.

**SHOES**

Five thousand pairs of Shoes to be sold in this sale.

Women's Shoes, Women's Oxfords, Women's Slippers, Men's Shoes, Boys' and Girls' Shoes, Infants' Shoes.

Women's Dongola Kid Shoes, heavy soled, solid leather inside sole, self toe; 200 pairs at \$1.35.

Women's Dongola Kid Shoes, with patent tip, medium heavy sole; value \$2.25, for \$1.75.

Women's Dongola Kid Shoes, patent tip, heavy weight sole; value \$2.25, for \$1.75.

Women's Polished Calf Shoes, with plain toe cap, medium weight sole; value \$2.50, for \$1.75.

Women's Box Calf Shoes, heavy uppers, heavy weight sole; value \$2.50. Eight hundred pairs in this assortment. Price \$1.75.

500 pairs of the "Spencer Reliable" \$3.00 Shoe for women, made of kid skin (flexible), patent and plain tip, all styles. In this sale \$2.50 pair.

Women's Box Calf Shoe, Good year welt, heavy extension sole and heavy uppers, made special for winter weather; value \$3.50, for \$2.75.

Women's Light Sole Shoe, American make, mat kid top; value \$3.50, for \$1.90. Sixty pairs in this lot.

Women's Oxfords, 600 pairs—\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50 qualities for \$1.50; \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.25 qualities for \$1.90.

Oxfords, with felt lining, Elk sole, common sense, value \$2.00; in this sale \$1.00.

500 pairs of Slippers, one strap, three strap, four strap; \$1.50 values for \$1.00; \$2.00 values for \$1.50; \$2.25 and \$2.50 values for \$1.65.

Youths' Buff Bala. \$1.25 values for 90c.

Boys' Box Calf Shoes; \$2.00 value for \$1.65.

Men's Dongola Kid Shoes, light weight sole; \$2.75 value for \$1.90.

Men's Box Calf Shoes, wide extension sole, extra heavy, sewed and nailed; \$3.00 value for \$2.50.

Men's Chrome Calf Shoe, Blucher cut, our standard \$3.00 waterproof shoe, for \$2.50.

Men's \$5.00 Shoe, in box calf and fine kid calf, leather lined and Ooze leather lined, for \$3.75 and \$4.00.

**The following from the Furnishing Department:**

**Sweaters**

At 35c—Sweaters of all wool.

At 50c—Sweaters of all wool, colors blue and cardinal.

At 65c to 95c—According to size, pure wool Sweaters, extra fine quality.

At 75c—Men's Sweaters of all wool, colors red and blue.

At \$1.00—Special quality of white wool Sweaters.

**Fancy Coats for Small Boys**

Ages 3 to 7 years. Styles are quite different to any previously shown. Prices \$3.85, \$5.75 and \$6.75.

## The Sale of Lace Curtains, 1-4 to 1-2 Less than Regular

**White Irish Point Curtains**

41 inches wide 3 1/4 yards long; value \$3.50, for \$1.90 pair

**Brussels Lace Curtains**

Value \$5, for \$2.90 pair

**Renaissance Lace Curtains**

Value \$6.75, for \$3.90 pair

**Renaissance Lace Curtains**

Value \$7.50, for \$4.90 pair

**Battenburg Lace Curtains, all 3 1-2 yds. long**

12 pair regular \$9, for \$5.75

10 pair, regular \$7.50, for \$4.75

8 pair, regular \$12.75, for \$8.50

3 pair, regular \$17.50, for \$12.25

6 pair, regular \$16, for \$12.75

5 pair, regular \$15, for \$11.75

6 pair, regular \$20, for \$14.75

4 pair, regular \$35, for \$24.75

4 pair, regular \$45, for \$32.50

1 pair, regular \$50, for \$37.50

**Renaissance Curtains**

50x3 1-2

4 pair, regular \$5.75, for \$3.90

4 pair, regular \$7.50, for \$5.50

5 pair, regular \$10, for \$6.75

6 pair, regular \$10.50, for \$7.75

6 pair, regular \$19.75, for \$14.50

5 pair, regular \$19.50, for \$14.25

**Applique Curtains**

8 pair, regular \$7.50, for \$5.75

5 pair, regular \$8.50, for \$6.75

7 pair, regular \$10.75, for \$8.50

9 pair, regular \$14.75, for \$10.75

Regular \$18.75, for \$14.50

**French Curtains-Colored**

\$7.75 from \$9.50

\$9.50 from \$12.50

\$13.50 from \$17.50

**White Sash Curtain-Muslin**

with frill of spot muslin; value 20c yard for 15c yard.

2,000 yards of double width Curtain Muslin; value 20c, for 15c yard.

**Brass & Iron Bedsteads**

used for the past six months as samples to sell from, slightly marked; go on sale at reduced prices.

Brass Bed, \$48.75, from \$68.50

Enameled Bed \$29.75, from \$37.50

Enameled Bed \$27.50, from \$34.50

Enameled Bed \$24.75, from \$29.00

Enameled Bed \$14.50, from \$22.50

Enameled Bed \$14.75, from \$17.50

Enameled Bed \$19.50, from \$26.00

Enameled Bed \$19.50, from \$24.50



## London Hospital Cough Cure "Cures"

This preparation has been on the market for fifteen years and has given universal satisfaction as a cure for coughs, colds and bronchitis. Try it. O.N.B. D.O.S.D. GIVES RELIEF. Price 50 cents.

**John Cochrane,**  
CHEMIST,  
N. W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

## W. JONES.

DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER.  
Is instructed by Mrs. Sellick to sell, on the premises, Gordon Head Road, 4 miles from city, at 1 p.m., Wednesday, Nov. 2nd, 1904.

## Farm Stock and Furniture

Horses, Cows, Pigs, Chickens, Hay, Apples, Spring Wagons, Double and Single Buggies, Lot Rows in Ground, 2 Sets Single Harness, Seeder, Tools, and all the Household Furniture and Effects Terms Cash. Phone B702.

## HARDAKER.

AUCTIONEER.  
I will sell at my commodious rooms, 77-79 Douglas street,  
Friday, Nov. 4th, at 2 p.m.

## Desirable FURNITURE

## 7-Roomed House

With 4 Lots—171, 172, 173, 174 Hillside Extension, Work Estate.  
House, No. 96 Fourth street; sewerage in alley rear of house.

**W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer.**

## Your New Hat

Should be selected with consideration for style and quality. The same style cannot be becomingly fitted to every head.  
The sunniest and best English and American styles are here for your selection.  
A new lot of the popular shapes received for the Xmas trade.

\$2.00 to \$5.00

## Finch & Finch,

57 Government St.

A Special Shipment of LADIES' GLOVES for the Xmas Trade.

## WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Nov. 1—5 a.m.—An extensive low barometer area is moving down the Coast; it has caused a general rainfall from Vancouver Island southward to Northern California and also inland to Kootenay. Fine and frosty weather is reported in the Territories and Manitoba.

## Forecast.

For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Wednesday. Victoria and vicinity—Northerly and easterly winds, mostly cloudy, with showers, chiefly at night.  
Lower Mainland—Easterly winds, unsettled, with rain.

## Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.77; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 6 miles N.; rain, .73; weather, cloudy.  
New Westminster—Barometer, 29.78; temperature, 44; minimum, 44; wind, 8 miles N.; rain, .88; weather, rain.  
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.78; temperature, 48; minimum, 40; wind, calm; rain, .94; weather, cloudy.  
Barkerville—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.  
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 55; minimum, 54; wind, 4 miles S.; weather, cloudy.  
Port Simpson—Barometer, 29.48; temperature, 46; minimum, 44; wind, 10 miles N.; rain, .32; weather, cloudy.  
Edmonton—Barometer, 29.72; temperature, 34; minimum, 32; wind, 4 miles S.; weather, fair.

## Saturday Bargain

TWO TINS PINEAPPLE FOR 25c.

## Windsor Grocery

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, GOVERNMENT STREET.

## DOMINION ELECTIONS Will Not Interfere With The

**Victoria Co-Operative Mercantile Association, Limited**  
This Association is strictly non-political. Its policy is, PROTECTION FOR THE PEOPLE. If you desire to save a large portion of your grocery bill and have a voice in the management of the store that furnishes the goods, enroll with the Association at once. It is estimated that 25 per cent. of grocery bills are bad. This amount must be met by people who are honest. Can you afford to pay 25 per cent. of some other Government's debt? This Association will have no bad debts. Full particulars at 92 the papers a few days ago. The Association desires the co-operation of at least 200 families to start with. Many of our best citizens have signified their intention of becoming members. Five per cent. interest paid on capital invested, all profits divided among the shareholders. The people's business, managed for the people by the people. This is true Co-Operation. Ask for copy of rules and by-laws.

## ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE POLLING DAY

(Continued from page 1.)

consisted of selections by Roland Grant, Harry Salmon and J. Parritt. Two soldiers from Work Point barracks also contributed to the programme, their part being exceedingly well taken. They were loudly applauded for their excellent work. The concert was very much enjoyed throughout. The electorate of the district was well represented in the attendance, and the Liberal Club was accorded the heartiest thanks for the trouble which had been taken on behalf of the Liberals of the Esquimalt district.

## A GOOD PERFORMANCE.

Hugh Emmett Delighted Large Audience at the Edison Last Night.

Hugh J. Emmett, the American entertainer, opened a week's engagement at the Edison theatre last evening, and from his entrance till the final curtain he held the audience closely interested and highly amused. He opened his programme with a well played violin solo, which was followed by a series of humorous stories, songs and vocal and instrumental imitations. Mr. Emmett displayed remarkable talents in mimicry, and his breezy up-to-date gags were received with hearty laughter. The second part of the entertainment was devoted entirely to ventriloquism, and kept the audience in one continued round of merriment. Mr. Emmett is undoubtedly the greatest ventriloquist ever seen here, and in his performance last evening, singing and talking in five different voices, he approached the wonderful. The whole entertainment is extremely meritorious, and no doubt will serve to crowd the little theatre every evening.

## THE YOUNGEST BABY

can readily digest and assimilate Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk because the casein, which is in ordinary cow's milk, undergoes physical alteration in the process of condensation, which makes it digestible. It brings the result which every parent is looking for, viz., strong and healthy children.

## PERSONAL.

Mrs. N. J. McDonald and her niece, Miss Frances J. Fraser, left last night for a visit to their old home in Nova Scotia. On their way they will visit the World's Fair and the Eastern states.

L. B. Joseph, of Dine, Wash.; W. D. Cameron, of Nanaimo; B. H. Harney, of Eugene, Ore.; J. J. White and Julius Brechout are among the guests at the Dominion Hotel.

Miss McMicking and Miss Elaine McMicking have returned from a two months' sojourn with relatives at Glenbrook and Kamloops.

G. H. Cowan and Mrs. Cowan, of Vancouver, were in the city yesterday. Mr. Cowan addressed a gathering in A. O. U. W. hall last evening.

W. J. Chalmers, J. H. Smith and J. H. Fletcher were among those returning on the Princess Beatrice from the Mainland last evening.

C. Foster and Lewis Sears, two commercial men of Seattle, are in the city. They are among the guests at the Victoria.

A. J. McMillan, who is connected with the smelter business at Rossland, is among those staying at the Strand hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brodick Cloutier and Dr. Simon, of London, Eng., are registered at the Strand.

Jas. McGowan, superintendent engineer of the C. P. R., came over from Vancouver yesterday.

W. J. Taylor, K. C., returned from a short trip to the Mainland last evening. J. A. Knox, of Toronto, is in the city. He is at the Vernon.

## COWAN'S CAKE ICINGS

Chocolate, Pearl Pink, White, Lemon color, Orange and Almond.

Have you tried the Almond? It is very fine.

**The Cowan Co., Ltd.,**  
TORONTO.

## PETER McQUADE & SON,

78 WHARF STREET.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

Ship Chandlery Varnishes  
Hardware Brushes  
Paints and Oils 74° and 76° Gasoline

## LOCAL NEWS

—Steamer Princess Victoria has gone on the marine ways, Esquimalt, for a cleaning and painting.

—This morning local public schools opened half an hour later than usual, and dispersed at 3 instead of 3.30 o'clock. The new schedule will continue for the remainder of the winter months.

—A great deal of interest is being taken in the voyage of the overdue German bark Sirene, and since she reached the 85 per cent. mark speculators have placed considerable money on her to arrive. The vessel is now 140 days from Liverpool for Valparaiso.

—The Merchants' and Miners' Steamship Company, composed of Chicago capitalists, will operate the big steamship Garonne in the Nome traffic in the open season of 1905. The company has purchased the vessel and will take her over probably about January 1st, says the Seattle Times.

—In the Supreme court today Isabella Maude Ward was granted a divorce from William A. Ward. This case has been in the courts for some time, the formal separation of the parties having taken place in 1901. The petitioner, Mrs. Ward, was represented by R. T. Elliot. The respondent did not appear, and was not represented by counsel. It was urged that the respondent had been negligent and lacking in fidelity. Evidence in substantiation of it was given, after which Mr. Justice Martin granted the divorce, giving Mrs. Ward the custody of the only child.

—A meeting of the secretaries of the different company associations of the Fifth Regiment will be held this evening, when business of importance will come up for consideration. On Friday evening the regular monthly meeting of the officers' mess will take place at the drill hall, when a full attendance is desired. The school of instruction, which has been opened in connection with the regiment, is being regularly attended by no less than forty students. Classes are conducted every Monday and Wednesday. Those who have not yet joined should bear this in mind.

—H. W. G. Canovan, engineer for the British-American Dredging Company, who recently returned from Atlin, announces that the output of that district has been greater than in any previous season. The figures of the clean-up when published will show a marked increase.

Mr. Canovan says that the principal part of the year's work there has been completed, most of the men have been paid off and all properties, except in one or two cases, have closed down for the winter. He also announces that another dredge is in course of construction for operation in Atlin. It will be of larger capacity than the present dredge, and will be installed as soon as possible after the opening of navigation in the spring.

—This being election week the committee in charge of the lecture course at the Y.M.C.A. have decided to omit the lecture this evening. Next week, instead of a lecture, the Ladies' Auxiliary will give a social on Wednesday evening, to which everybody is cordially invited. These socials will be held regularly on the second Wednesday in each month. On Wednesday, the 16th inst., O. E. S. Schofield, provincial librarian and secretary to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, will lecture on an historical subject, "The Spaniards on the West Coast." Mr. Schofield's position as librarian has given him the opportunity to study the subject of the early voyages of discovery on this coast, and therefore his lecture will prove of the greatest interest to those who wish to get authentic information on the subject.

—In the November issue of Sunset, a San Francisco magazine with a wide circulation, is published an illustrated article on Victoria, from the pen of Herbert Cuthbert, secretary of the Tourist Association. It is entitled "An Undiscovered City" and, although brief, deals in an entertaining way with the scenic beauties and varied attractions of Victoria. There are in all eight splendid views, a "bit of rural England on the shores of the Pacific," the George, the race track of the Victoria Hunt Club and "a view from the summit of Mount Douglas in the city's natural park." Concluding Mr. Cuthbert says: "Truly this city, its environments, its possibilities, and its undiscovered beauties are not discovered, but when they have been there is no city on the Pacific coast that will attract those in search of a restful or pleasurable vacation or a permanent home as much as this charming city on the shores of the great Pacific."

—Preparations for the annual J.B.A.A. hall are proceeding apace. Committees have been appointed as follows: Decorating committee, D. O'Sullivan (chairman), J. C. Scott, J. P. Hibben, W. H. Wilkerson, W. W. Wilson, T. Watson, W. York, L. York, P. Austin, H. Austin, A. D. Belyea, G. Y. Simpson, W. T. Wilkerson, C. B. Kennedy, F. Dillabough, J. Donaldson, J. Pinalson, E. Browne, W. Jesse, J. Donahue, S. Sea, Jr., F. A. Macrae, N. Hardie, S. Sea, Jr., F. A. Gowen, G. S. Just, P. Dwyer, J. Sutherland, J. C. Pendray and C. Wark; refreshment committee, J. H. Lawson, Jr. (chairman), D. Leeming, T. A. Kerr and A. E. Todd; printing committee, J. C. Briggsman (chairman), M. T. Williams and W. Redfern. A meeting of members of the decorating committee will be held at 2.30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon at Assembly hall. It is the intention to adorn the hall even more elaborately than usual. The club's collection of trophies will be displayed. In short nothing will be omitted likely to contribute to the success of the affair.

—Mrs. E. W. Williams, of 6 Rae street, the holder of ticket 257, won the sewing machine at the People's Dry Goods Store yesterday.

—The remains of the late Mrs. Barnes were taken to Olympia, Wash., yesterday for interment by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Settenfield, relatives of the deceased.

—Mary Wright, of Quebec, has inquired of the local police the whereabouts of John William Wright and Jeremiah Wright, her brothers, who left Quebec for the West some years ago.

—The small boy celebrated Halloween in the usual festive fashion last evening, as the reports to the police of missing gags amply testify. There was one hanging at the top of the Beacon Hill flagstaff, and the patrol wagon was requisitioned to go out and take it into custody.

—A report was received this morning of the death of John Durrant, of Saanich. His body was discovered in a well, had apparently been there for some hours. Sergt. Murray, of the provincial police force, is investigating the case this afternoon. Deceased was about 75 years of age, and had been a resident of the district for years.

—W. M. Brewer, M.E., who returned from the West Coast on Saturday, reports that mining conditions in that district are brightening considerably. The further development of the property on Alberni canal, formerly owned by Col. Hayes, as already outlined in the Times, indicates the confidence the new owners have in the future of the country. Mr. Brewer also says the timber cruisers and surveyors who have been operating between Ucluelet and Sidney inlet for some time have completed their labors. They are representing a big Seattle milling company, and it is the latter's intention to erect a large mill on the West Coast.

—The programme at the Grand theatre on Johnson street for the present week is one of the best that has been seen at this popular place of amusement in many weeks. All of the acts are good, and two are worthy to rate as head liners on any bill. The Kiltie trio, composed of Gorman, Proctor and Gorman, have one of the nearest acts yet seen here. Hyrnie and West have another strong act, replete with fine comedy, in which they introduce selections on concertinas and close with a comical duet, with cornet and slide trombone. The Winstanleys, father and son, have a good act, the elder being a champion Lancashire clog dancer, and the 8-year-old son a boy tenor of phenomenal voice for that age. Swan and Swan do a very funny black face comedy act, interspersed with up-to-date gags and good singing. F. Roberts' illustrated song for the week is entitled "The Story the Violets Told," and is rendered in his usual excellent voice. The performance closes with the usual line of new moving pictures.

—Yesterday morning Chas. E. Bailey left the cabin which he and some other enthusiastic knights of the gun were occupying at the Summit for an ante-bellum constitutional, and in less than an hour he returned staggering beneath the weight of an enormous buck which those who saw it variously estimate from 150 to 200 pounds. The circumstances under which the noble prize was laid low will probably never be known, as Mr. Bailey is too modest to expatiate on the subject at all, but it is surmised that the deer and hunter surprised one another in the most casual and informal way, the latter being the first to recover himself. In a certain well-known local resort of hunters and sportsmen generally there is a book devoted to the perpetuation of hunting and fishing records to which the exploit just referred to is a notable addition, and it was here that the curious scribe sought the truth in regard to the dimensions of the stately pronged trophy. But, unfortunately, the different estimates of weight, color, size, number and shape of prongs, vary to a bewildering extent, affording an excellent illustration of the legal view that no two people see from the same standpoint. Precise information on this point, therefore, is not available, unless the successful hunter breaks the silence.

Mme. Rejane, the celebrated French actress (whose correct name, by the way, is Rejo), was a telegraphic operator before she adopted the stage.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl to assist in light house work. Apply 13 Caladonia avenue.

THE RAINY SEASON HAS STARTED—Now is the time to have your roof repaired. For general job work apply to Middleton Bros., 107 John street.

LOST—On Saturday evening, in Grand or Crystal theatre, lady's fur with storm collar. Reward for return to Times Office.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.—For sale, new and second-hand billiard and pool tables, with Monarch quick-acting cushions; cash or extended payment; catalogue mailed free. Brunswick Billiard Collector Co., P. Johnston, Kirk Block, Douglas street, agent, Victoria.

## WIGS WIGS

For hire for masquerades and theatricals. —AT— Mrs. C. Macdonald's Hairdressing Parlors, 55 Douglas Street.

## BUTTER 30 Cents per lb.

**Watson & Hall,**  
55 Yates Street.

## FOR SALE

Modern Bungalow (just built), corner lot, stone foundation, large cellar, sewer connection, electric light, elaborate bath-room fittings, only \$3,100. Very easy terms. Apply

**B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LD.,**  
40 GOVERNMENT STREET

## FOR SALE

Site For Country Residence

Twenty-five acres, nearly opposite San Juan, with sheltered bay, good shingle beach, and finely wooded (maple and arbutus, etc.). It is near Cudboro Bay, and about two and a half miles from car line. This property is well adapted for a gentleman's residence and pleasure grounds, while a portion would be suitable for market garden and orchard purposes.

APPLY TO

## A. W. JONES,

28 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

## AMBERITE CARTRIDGES

ALSO SMOKELESS AND BLACK

## Sporting Gunpowders

Of celebrated Curtis & Harvey's manufacture. For sale at all the leading Gunsmiths. Wholesale by

## Robert Ward & Co., Limited

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

## E. B. MARVIN & CO.

74 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, TURPENTINE

AND MIXED PAINTS in Various Colors;

Also PAINT BRUSHES of All Kinds.

Agents for R. HOOD, HAGGIE & SONS'

well-known WIRE ROPES for MINING, LOGGING,

AND SHIPS

## BEST IN TOWN!

EVERY DROP GUARANTEED.

Carne's Plain Scotch, pint..... \$ .50

Carne's Fine Old Scotch, quart..... .75

Carne's Pure Old Scotch, quart..... .75

Carne's Fine Old Scotch, gallon..... 4.50

Carne's Pure Old Scotch, gallon..... 5.00

## Carne's Cash Grocery

PHONE 586.

## SAFETY RAZORS

You can't cut the face in using them. You can get a good clean shave. You can keep them in order and save time and money by being your own barber. Procure one (and give it a trial) from

**FOX'S, 78 Government Street.**

## Munday's Shoe Store

SOLE AGENT FOR

## DICK'S OLD COUNTRY BOOTS

The Best Shoe on Earth for the Wet Weather.

\$4, \$5 and \$5.50 per pair.

**89 GOVERNMENT STREET**

New Westminster, Comox,

Chilliwack, Creamery

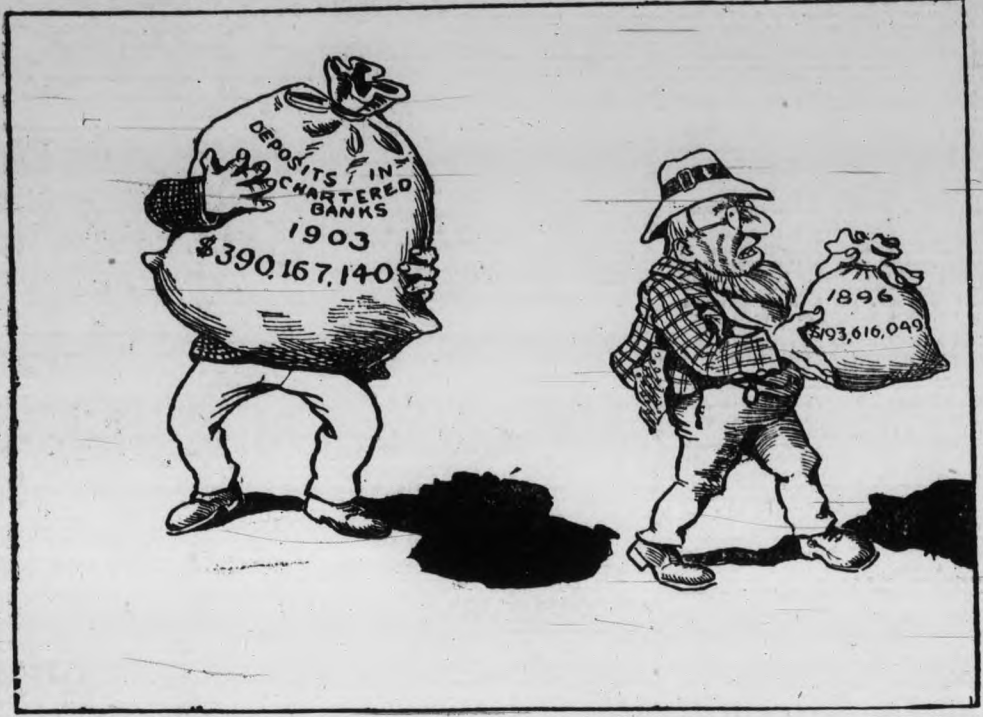
## BUTTER 30 Cents per lb.

**Watson & Hall,**  
55 Yates Street.



VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1904.

## CONTRASTS IN NATIONAL PROGRESS ILLUSTRATED



### INTERESTING TALK ABOUT QUATSINO

#### SOME ADVENTURES OF VICTORIA HUNTERS

Work Done to Date by the Pulp Mill Company—Big Game is Plentiful.

W. F. Best returned on Saturday from a two-month visit to Quatsino Sound on the steamer Tees, having embarked at Hardie Bay after crossing the trail at the northern end of the Island. He travelled over the new Hardie Bay trail, which he reports has recently been put in good condition. Mr. Best superintended the work of repairs to the trail, having volunteered to do so for the government. The Quatsino Power & Pulp Company, with which Mr. Best is identified, intends to make good use of the trail this winter, a number of the company's most valuable timber limits being situated in the neighborhood. All the bridges along the line have been put in good order; fallen trees have been cut away, and a new bridge has been built across a creek which formerly had to be waded. This trail, which is not shown on the maps, has entirely superseded the Fort Rupert one, and even Indians from that place use it in preference to the old trail.

Beginning with the last trip of the steamer Tees calls are to be made at Hardie Bay by every C. P. R. steamer on the northern British Columbia run, a post office having recently been installed at the place. Arrangements are being made for a carrier to take the mail from Hardie Bay to Quatsino, and a fortnightly service in connection with the new post office will be provided. There is a comfortable hotel, clean and well kept, at Hardie Bay, so that those who fear the West Coast passage in the winter can land at Hardie Bay and cross to the West Coast from there without the prospect of sickness.

Mr. Best states that the Quatsino Power & Pulp Company have had two survey parties at work this summer, and that about sixty thousand acres of timber land have been selected. The balance will be surveyed early in the spring. The company intends starting the construction of a pulp mill and saw mill about January 1st, and have already selected their building sites. The Quatsino Narrows, which have frequently been represented as dangerous to navigation, were examined at all stages of the tide by Mr. Best, with the result that it was found that ships of the largest size would have no difficulty in navigating the channel with safety at any stage of the tide.

The limits selected by the company are situated close to the water, which will reduce the expense of carrying on the lumber industry to a minimum. The chief woods selected were spruce, fir, cedar and balsam, all of which can be utilized in the manufacture of pulp and lumber.

Forest fires cannot spread in the district on account of the moisture, says Mr. Best. Three fires started this summer, none of which spread over half a mile until finally extinguished by the autumn rains.

During Mr. Best's stay at Quatsino considerable development work was witnessed. On the June group and on the new zinc deposit near Victoria lake this was to be seen. The latter to a very extensive outcropping of blende of great purity, and has every appearance of being permanent and valuable. The Yreka camp, which has been comparatively idle for some time, has lately shown greater activity. Parties engaged in driving a tunnel on the property struck a good body directly below a large surface out-

cropping which apparently extends for a depth of 150 feet at least.

Mr. Best visited the iron mines on West Arm, and found very extensive deposits of ore, which will be valuable for mixing with some of the refractory ores of the coast.

Quatsino Sound has many resources not yet developed in the way of fish, minerals and forest wealth. A factory is located on the Sound, where clams are canned after being ground. They are used for soups, and as such are in demand in a number of big Eastern cities. Salmon and herring are found in great quantities, as are also haddock and cod.

During the autumn and winter big flocks of wild geese and ducks frequent the marshes. As illustrating the plentifulness of this Mr. Best states he shot one from his tent door. Rainbow trout is abundant, and can be found on Marble creek and Victoria and Alice lakes. One of these, caught by Mr. Best, was 28 inches long, and proved of very fine flavor. Catching them affords the best of sport.

The climate of Quatsino during the summer is perfect, and in the winter time the ice, which forms on the fresh water streams, never retards navigation. Fruit is raised with good success. A number of ranchers have small orchards, and the trees bear well. All kinds of small fruits, such as raspberries, currants, gooseberries, strawberries, etc., are plentiful.

No one who has not seen the Sound, says Mr. Best, could have an idea of the extent of the navigable water of that arm of the sea. There are over 100 miles of waterfront, and ships of the largest size can sail in any part of the Arm.

Mr. Best had a number of interesting hunting experiences, and incidentally secured a good collection of photos. He tells of a rather unique experience of a young man from Victoria who went up there a short time ago. The young man and his companion had to travel in an Adam and Eve costume a distance of twenty miles. They had been out in a heavy shower, and had got their clothes very wet. At night they built a camp fire, and hanging their clothes around, went to sleep. During the night they were rudely awakened by the sound of firing. Bullets were flying in every direction, and they thought for a moment that they had been transported to Port Arthur. Rushing out of their tent they discovered that their clothing had caught fire. Their ammunition had been left in their pockets. This had exploded as the fire spread over the clothing and bullets flew about, one lodging in a tree within a foot of where they had been sleeping and another passed through the tent. Fortunately, however, the men escaped uninjured, although they lost all their clothing, and in this condition were obliged to walk back to the settlement the distance mentioned.

Another interesting story related by the just returned Victorian is that of two timber cruisers employed by the Pulp Company, who had an adventure with a she-bear with two cubs. The cruisers were without firearms, and when bruins made her appearance one of them, it is recorded, did some fine sprinting. The other, however, stood his ground and succeeded in frightening the bear away by waving his hat in her face.

Near Winter harbor there are a great many bears, also minks. Evidences of beavers, too, were found, some of the streams being dammed. Deer are very abundant, and afford about the only fresh meat that the farmers get. Elk are also found in Quatsino in the spring and winter. A fine one was secured by Mr. Best while engaged in examining some timber limits. For a time he was able to supply the whole settlement with elk meat. Many of these animals are killed for their teeth alone. A party of hunters from Boston, Mass., who visited Quatsino during the past season found three carcasses in the forest which had been killed for the teeth only. To prevent this thing from occurring and for the protection of the elk the government should pass a law restricting indiscriminate slaughter. One Indian on Quatsino Sound boasted of having killed five for the teeth; and if this continues the animals will become extinct in a short time.

There is a field for settlers along Quatsino Sound, according to Mr. Best, especially on some of the tide flats which are covered with grass and free from forest growth. Should the pulp mills be built it is almost certain such farmers would be able to sell all their produce at good prices. At any rate the mild climate and the abundance of game makes living very cheap.

#### A POLITICAL IMPOSSIBILITY.

IT IS IN THE INTERESTS OF POLITICAL MORALITY THAT A GENTLEMAN HOLDING SUCH VIEWS AS THOSE TO WHICH COLONEL PRIOR GAVE EFFECT IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHIMNEY CREEK SCANDAL SHOULD BE PERMANENTLY RETIRED FROM PUBLIC LIFE. THE AMOUNT OF MONEY INVOLVED WAS NOT LARGE. THE OBJECTIONABLE FEATURE OF THE CASE WAS THAT COLONEL PRIOR THOUGHT THAT SORT OF THING WAS ALL RIGHT, AND THAT HE STILL THINKS IT WAS ALL RIGHT. A MAN, WHO BELIEVES THAT HE HAS A RIGHT TO ASK HIS FIRM TO TENDER ON A PUBLIC CONTRACT AFTER HE HAS HAD AS A CABINET MINISTER ACCESS TO THE TENDERS ALREADY PUT IN, IS SO ABSOLUTELY OUT OF TOUCH WITH RUDIMENTARY POLITICAL MORALITY THAT HE OUGHT TO BE A POLITICAL IMPOSSIBILITY IN ANY COMMUNITY. THE VERY FACT THAT HE BELIEVES HE DID RIGHT SHOWS THAT HE DOES NOT KNOW THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN POLITICAL RIGHT AND POLITICAL WRONG, AND A GENTLEMAN WHO DOES NOT KNOW THIS CANNOT SAFELY BE TRUSTED IN A PUBLIC POSITION.

"I am opposed to the government owning and operating railways."—Senator Wood.

## Government Ownership

### What Conservative Leaders in the Past Have Thought Of It

Speaking at Kingston in the campaign of 1872, Sir John Macdonald said:

We propose to build this trans-continental railway by means of a company. Why? Because, as you know, we have learnt by what we have gone through on the Intercolonial that railways can be constructed and operated more cheaply, more efficiently, more advantageously in every way, by a company than by a government. If our friends the Grits had had the Intercolonial in hand they would have experienced the same trouble we have. They would have discovered that while it is easy when you are out of office to talk of running things as you would run a counting-house, it is very difficult when you are actually the minister. You have then to resist the importunities of powerful friends, or yield to them, as the case may be. You have a hundred men looking for one contract or one office, each of them coming down like an army with banners. You have your merchants wanting to sell supplies at their own figure, the workman threatening you if you do not increase his pay, and claims which a company road would never entertain rising up against you night and day, and calling for settlement on pain of having the claimants go over in a body to the Grit party, to get the fair and honest treatment that you deny them. Mr. Mackenzie says he is a practical man, but I wish him joy if ever he has to conduct the Intercolonial from Ottawa.

Sir Charles Tupper expressed his views in parliament, in a speech delivered in June, 1897, when he said:

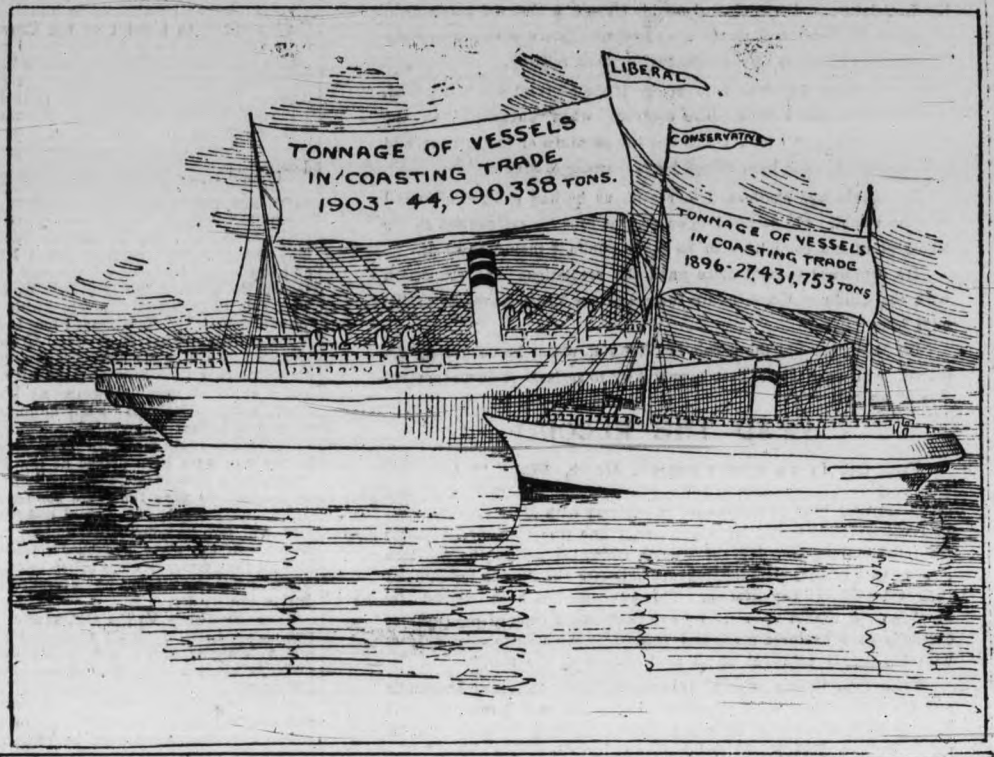
I confess that I was astounded to find that, with the evidence that we had before us on the result of the construction and operation of government railways in Canada, a single intelligent man could be found in the House, or out of it, who was prepared to advocate such a policy in this case. Why, sir, all we have to do is to look at the facts we have before us. We have already solved, we have set at rest forever, in my judgment, in the mind of any reasonable or intelligent man, the question whether it is better for Canada to construct a railway and operate it as a government work, or by the aid of a private company.

Whether Liberals or Conservatives were in power, I would deplore in the strongest manner any attempt in this country by any government, I care not who they are, or who they are composed of, to construct another government railway. That is the position I take.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who visited Australia a few years ago, and had an opportunity of witnessing state ownership and operation in action, said in his speech in the Senate in 1903, on the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme (Senate Debates, 1903, p. 1354):

This I will say, speaking for myself, I am opposed to governments running railways, and if we are to take the Intercolonial railway as a sample to guide us in the future, all I can say is, God protect us from the financial results that must follow if the government are to own and run many other roads in the future. I watched the operation of the rail-

## CONTRASTS IN NATIONAL PROGRESS ILLUSTRATED



ways in Australia when I was there.

They are government railways. They produce no argument to my mind that governments can own and operate railways as well as it can be done by individuals. I believe to-day that if the Grand Trunk Railway Company, or the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, had possession of the Intercolonial railway, they would run it with as much advantage, if not more advantage, to the people living in the Maritime provinces, and at less expense than it is run to-day, and they would run it without losing any money.

### ANNUAL CONVENTION CONSIDERED SUNDAY

Local Branch of Sunday School Association Elected Officers on Saturday—Mass Meetings.

Sunday evening the fifth annual convention of the British Columbia branch of the International Sunday School Association was concluded at the First Presbyterian church, when an address on "Organization and Evangelization" was delivered by Rev. W. C. Merritt. There was a large attendance and his remarks were listened to with the greatest attention.

At Saturday night's session there were sixteen visiting delegates and a large number of Sunday school workers in attendance. The proceedings were opened by devotional services conducted by Rev. Mr. Dakin, after which the chairman, N. Shakespeare, called for the annual report of the secretary. This mentioned the issuing of credentials to Mrs. Templar and Miss Stoughton to attend the world's convention held in April at Jerusalem as representatives of British Columbia. It also referred to the annual provincial convention at Vancouver as a decided success. Continuing, the report says: "The Victoria District Association held its convention in the spring and the meetings were well attended and enthusiastic. While we have some semblance of organ-

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR

## The Daily Times

During the long evenings of the winter months is when a live newspaper giving all the local and foreign intelligence is appreciated.

YOU CAN HAVE TO-MORROW'S ISSUE LEFT

AT YOUR DOOR BY CALLING UP

'PHONE 1090.

ization we are yet in a very crude state as compared with the magnificent organization of the States to the south of us. We need money to develop our work. We are encouraged by the decided steps that have been taken by Vancouver, and we now feel that we have an added strength and that shall soon become a great force for good in Sunday school work."

This was adopted unanimously. A. Leason, of Vancouver, then read a paper on the subject "A Point of Contact in Teaching." This opened an interesting discussion.

"Reminiscences of the Jerusalem Convention" was the title of a paper by Mrs. J. Templar, who was present at that gathering. This was read by Mrs. Carter, the author being unable to attend the local convention. It was one of the most important and interesting features of the session and elicited hearty applause. Some discussion followed, after which the paper was ordered spread on the minutes.

A round-table talk was then conducted by Rev. W. C. Merritt on how to increase the efficiency of Sunday school work.

The report of the district secretary showed that there are no less than 3,340 pupils, teachers and officers actually engaged in Sunday school work in Victoria. The treasurer then announced that the collections during the convention amounted to \$50, which was available for assisting in the advancement of Sunday school work throughout the province.

Officers were elected as follows: President, Noah Shakespeare; vice-president, Dr. Geo. Telford (dentist); secretary, Geo. Carter; treasurer, A. Huggett.

After business of minor importance had been transacted a motion to adjourn was carried.

Sunday afternoon a mass meeting of all the Sunday schools of the city was held in connection with the convention at the Metropolitan Methodist church. The auditorium was crowded and it is conservatively estimated that there were 2,000 pupils, teachers, parents and friends in attendance. Rev. Mr. Merritt delivered an eloquent address on "The Boy's Thinking." Speeches were given by several local Sunday school officials.

Sunday evening a mass meeting of workers and friends was held in the First Presbyterian church. It was largely attended and Rev. Mr. Merritt gave another interesting address.

Votes of thanks were tendered members of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church for the use of that edifice for convention meetings; J. G. Brown and members of the choir, to the

local press, and Rev. W. C. Merritt, of Tacoma, for his attendance. The next annual convention will be held at Vancouver.

#### KING AND PRINCE.

Servia's Ruler Pays a Visit to Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

Sofia, Oct. 30.—King Peter, of Servia, arrived here this morning, and was cordially welcomed at the station by Prince Ferdinand. The day's ceremonies concluded with a dinner in honor of the Royal guest, at which, in offering a toast to King Peter, Prince Ferdinand said that the visit constituted an epoch in the life of the two peoples, and was an expression of their sincere and mutual understanding. The Prince emphasized the necessity of a friendly and intimate union, on which the future of the two countries depended. He said: "I am convinced that to-day's events will contribute to the triumph of our efforts to preserve peace."

King Peter, in responding, said his constant aim had been to make a Servian policy devoted to a sincere rapprochement. It afforded him great pleasure, he said, to find Prince Ferdinand animated by these sentiments. This visit, the King added, would give a fresh impulse to their efforts in behalf of an intimate union of the two peoples.

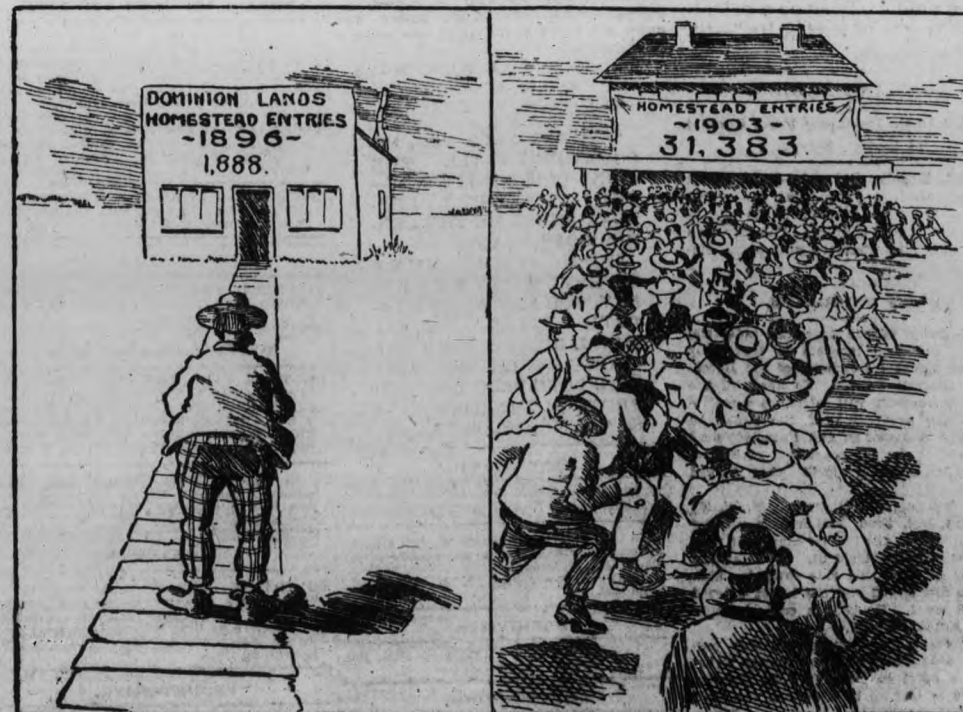
The Macedonian committee has published a manifesto declining to participate in the reception accorded to King Peter on the ground that the understanding established between the two countries aims at the partition of Macedonia.

#### TO VOTERS.

Electors should make careful note of the fact that the polls under the Dominion Elections Act will open at 9 o'clock a.m. and close at 5 o'clock p.m. All votes must be polled between those hours.

The fact that in provincial elections the polls are open till 7:30 p.m. is apt to create confusion in the minds of voters. By confounding the federal law with the provincial act and postponing the duty of casting their ballots until after working hours, voters in the past have lost their opportunities of exercising the franchise.

## CONTRASTS IN NATIONAL PROGRESS ILLUSTRATED





# REMEMBER THE GOLD BRICK

In the spring of 1902 Col. Prior offered himself as a candidate for the Legislature and was elected on his guarantee that the government of which he became a member had entered into a contract to make Victoria the terminus of the Canada Northern railway.

Furthermore he offered to resign if the contract was not signed. Col. Prior was elected. The contract when submitted to the House showed that Victoria was not the terminus of the railway, and that no contract had been signed by Mackenzie & Mann.

Col. Prior was challenged to resign, as he had pledged his word that he would. He declined to do so, but sent his resignation to the members of his committee to be made public if they deemed fit.

He continued to hold office until the revelations in connection with the Chimney Creek affair compelled the Lieut.-Governor to dismiss him.

On November 3rd the people of Victoria, whom he so grossly deceived, will have their first opportunity to register their disapprobation of his act.

## READ THE RECORD

From Col. Prior's election address, March, 1902: "I took this step because the Premier and his colleagues proved to me beyond all doubt that they had arranged a contract with Mackenzie & Mann to continue their great transcontinental line (the Canada Northern) from the eastern boundary of British Columbia across the province to Victoria, thus making our fair city the Pacific terminus of their splendid railway system. This contract has been signed by Mackenzie & Mann. . . . I have examined a copy of the contract carefully as a business man, and it must, in my humble opinion, meet with the hearty approval of all well-wishers of the city."

From Col. Prior's speech, March 4th, 1902: "Premier Dunsinuir and his colleagues showed him the contract; he read it carefully, and it is as good a contract as any government can make with contractors. He had more money to bet that the contract was signed."

From Col. Prior's speech, March 5th, 1902: "The contract would soon be placed before the public, as Mr. Greenshields had wired that he would arrive here to-morrow night."

From Col. Prior's speech, March 8th, 1902: "Mr. Greenshields had brought the necessary contracts from Toronto, and by to-morrow afternoon the E. & N. would be in the possession of Mackenzie & Mann."

At a public meeting on March 4th, the following dialogue took place:

Mr. McPhillips—I understand, Col. Prior, that on the faith of the contract shown to you, you decided to enter this government.

Col. Prior—Certainly, I said so.

Mr. McPhillips—In that contract, as I understand it, there is a provision that the building of the road is only to be built contingent upon aid from the Dominion government?

Col. Prior—No; that is not the case.

Mr. McPhillips—I ask you this question, Col. Prior, that if that contract does contain a provision that the road is only to be built contingent upon aid from the Dominion government, will you retire?

Col. Prior—Certainly. (Loud cheers.)

On March 8th Col. Prior said: "The latter part of clause 18 had been cut out on the representation of the government, and in its place a clause had been inserted stipulating that the contractors should start work three months after they had obtained assurance of assistance from the Dominion government."

On Monday, March 10th, A. E. McPhillips addressed Col. Prior in an open letter, as follows:

"Dear Col. Prior:—You will of course remember my putting a question to you on Monday evening at the Victoria theatre, that if it was stated in the contract with the Canada Northern Railway Company that construction of the railway depended on Dominion assistance, would you retire? Your answer was 'Certainly.'"

"You stated at your meeting at the same place on Saturday night such a condition was now contained in the contract, but up to the present time I have had no intimation that you have retired from the contract."

"I cannot believe that a pledge given by you under such conditions will be broken. I can only believe that it will be adhered to, and at any moment I expect to be advised that you no longer continue in the contract."

"If I might be permitted to advise you in any way it seems to me that now is your opportunity to retreat from a position so absolutely untenable that nothing but a signal defeat awaits you."

"A. E. McPhillips."

On the eve of election Col. Prior kept an impatient audience waiting in the Victoria theatre till midnight for Mr. Greenshields and the signed contract. The audience finally vented their way home, with the following wail from the Colonel ringing in their ears:

"The contract is not completed yet."

"Negotiations are going on to complete the contract."

"I'll be honest and truthful with you. I hoped to have had the contract completed before election day."

"I am sorry for my own sake I cannot tell you the contract is completed."

Col. Prior was elected on the strength of those assurances, and on the distinct pledge that he would resign if the contract was not as he represented.

Was the Contract as he represented it?

and if not, Did he resign?

## Elector of Victoria, square your account with Col. Prior on Nov. 3.

### THE LATE PAUL KRUGER.

Remains of Former President Sent to Rotterdam for Conveyance to South Africa.

The Hague, Oct. 31.—The remains of former President Kruger, of the Transvaal republic, who died in July last, were removed from the cemetery to-day and taken to Rotterdam for conveyance to South Africa. Six wreaths from Queen Wilhelmina, the Prince Consort and former President Steyn, covered the coffin. Not much public interest was shown.

Vote for "Laurier and the Large Canada."

### TO EDUCATE THE MASSES.

St. Petersburg Newspaper Has Opened a Campaign.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—One of the striking evidences of the increasing liberality since the accession of Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky to the ministry of the interior, is the open campaign being waged by the Russ for national education of the masses. The paper has opened a popular subscription and is daily printing many letters.

"I did not propose the immediate construction of a transcontinental line."—Mr. R. L. Borden (Hansard, 1903, page 12,623).

### KOOTENAY CENTRAL LINE.

Route Is Just About Settled—An Announcement Looked For Within Thirty Days.

"T. G. Procter has returned from a two weeks' visit to the Canal Flat section at the foot of Upper Columbia lake in East Kootenay," says the Nelson News. Mr. Procter has been looking after the interests of the Kootenay Valley Company, which has large holdings in the section in question. The action of the Kootenay Central Railway Company and the C. P. R. in pushing on the final survey of the new line, to be run from Golden south to a point on the Crow's Nest line, has revived interest in all the country to be opened up by the new line. The Kootenay Central railway people have, it is said, completed their financial arrangements and have a perfect understanding with the C. P. R., so that a start on construction cannot now long be delayed.

Mr. Procter says that several surveys have been completed, and over part of the route the line to be followed is pretty well a certainty. For instance, he thinks that the road will run past Canal Flat and to the east of Lake Windermere and Upper Columbia lake, passing to the west side of Columbia river north of Windermere lake. The exact route to be followed from Canal Flat to the Crow's Nest line, has been revised in all the country to be opened up by the new line. At the present time Surveyor Armstrong has a party of men at work at Mud creek, south of Canal Flat, obtaining some details that are wanted.

"All the surveys made by the C. P. R. in the past have been placed at the disposal of the Kootenay Central and within possibly 30 days the route should be definitely agreed upon. Actual construction will not be commenced before the spring, but the plan will be assembled, and all the necessary steps taken prior to commencing work will be attended to during the winter."

"The Kootenay Valley Company will put up an hotel at Canal Flat, and lay out a townsite there, and in addition, probably erect a mill and some other buildings."

"Mr. Procter says that all through that country the greatest interest is taken in the new line and a very busy season is looked for next year."

"I venture the statement that in my opinion—and I believe my opinion will be confirmed by any person who has experience in railway business—that if the I.C.R. as it is to-day, and as it has existed for many years past, were operated by private individuals, or by a company organized for that purpose, it would show a handsome profit, and that could be made without adding one dollar to the charges, either for freight traffic or passenger service."—Senator Wood.

### NEXT SEASON'S PROSPECTS.

R. M. Palmer Predicts Gratifying Things For Okanagan.

After a very satisfactory trip through the Okanagan and Similkameen districts, R. M. Palmer, provincial government commissioner of freight rates, returned on Saturday evening. Mr. Palmer was accompanied by Wm. Kirkpatrick, A. G. F. A. of the C. P. R., and the journey was made for the purpose of inquiring into the conditions which are likely to arise next year.

In an interview Mr. Palmer said: "There will be much more fruit shipped next season, and the object of our trip was to size up the situation and see what facilities would be required. Mr. Kirkpatrick has a clear grasp of the situation, and he will make recommendations to the head offices at Montreal, which will result in great benefit to the fruit raisers of the Okanagan district. Mr. Kirkpatrick will recommend that the tariff of rates be extended to points not before accommodated, both on the main and branch lines. These, of course, will not be issued for some time, nor is it certain that his recommendations will be adopted, but it is very likely, as Mr. Kirkpatrick fully realized the importance of the situation."

Continuing, Mr. Palmer told the Times representative that the conditions in the Okanagan were very gratifying. The district, he said, was being rapidly opened up, the town of Kelowna was being extended considerably, and the outlook generally was bright. A very fair price was being obtained for fruit and hay. The potato crop was light, which accounted for the high quotations.

"The government has not the latitude, it has not the means of saving public money as a private company has of saving its."—Sir Charles Tupper.

### JEWS ARE ARMING.

Reported to Be Preparing For a Conflict at Gomel, Russia.

Gomel, Russia, Oct. 31.—Evidence is being adduced to prove that the whole Jewish population of Gomel was organized for an armed conflict. The city was divided up into quarters and arms distributed.

### BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The invasion of the American industrial field by Japanese laborers is feared by President Michael Donnelly, of the Butchers' Workmen's Union. To head off the Japanese, Donnelly will introduce a resolution at the convention of the American Federation of Labor in San Francisco next month calling for the enactment of legislation excluding them from the United States.

While hunting near Blairmore, N. W. T., on Friday last, Fred. McLaren, a nephew of Mr. McLaren, the lumber king, met with a serious shooting accident. While sitting on a log he drew his rifle towards him. The gun discharged and the bullet entered over his heart. He is in a critical condition at Frank Hospital.

An operation for appendicitis was performed on Japanese Minister Korojo Takahira in a hotel in New York on Sunday. The case is said to be a serious one, and attaches of the Japanese legation at Washington have been summoned to the minister's bedside.

### A PRIOR "JOLLY."

To the Editor:—During the political contest I have stated that the principles involved in the policy of the Liberal government were such that it was unnecessary to seriously attack Col. Prior on his past political record. It is obviously absurd "to break a butterfly upon the wheel," when it could be crushed by a flick of the hand. But we deal gently with the Colonel:

"Satire or some, alas! Can Sporus feel, Who breaks a butterfly upon a wheel."

In the dawn of the world a snake and a poor weak man had the misfortune to be the snake playing the villain and the innocent man the silly fool. I always feel proud of my sex when I read about the creation, strength and nobleness of man. In the Colonel's case it was a cable not a snake, and now it is a letter, alleged to be a "jolly."

It has been written that "silence is divine." I understand that there are other letters in existence than the one read at the Liberal meeting on Friday evening last. The nature of the letter read is so well known that I shall not repeat it, out of charity to the Colonel. At the Fernwood hall meeting the Colonel admitted writing the letter and said that his high commendation of the Liberal government was "jolly." Mr. Riley. That is to say, Edward Gawler Prior did not mean what he said, or said what he meant; thereby convicting himself of insincerity, and that he is only a man of words. I refrain from using a stronger term. He must have been hysterical. Col. Prior in point of fact meant what he wrote, and he is now estopped from denying the truth of his statement. As a former Dominion cabinet minister (without portfolio) he should not manifest that ignoble spirit of denial. Prior should play the man—if he can.

I always look humorously on this political acrobat. He makes me sneer. I disdain all frivolity or knowledge of the vulgar art of "leg pulling." At election times the Colonel is so affable and beaming with smiles, and blandly inquires with a firm hand shake: "How are you, Billy; is the misus and youngsters well?" What sincerity was there in his solemn promise to the electorate when he was elected on the last occasion to the local legislature? The contract was not signed. He failed to resign. He routed the "people by another route" and then complained that he had acted on the advice of his friends. This is absolute "bosh."

"This is a common proof. That lowliness is young ambition's ladder, Where the climber upward turns his face; But when he once attains the upmost round, He then turns the ladder turns his back, Looks in the clouds, scornful the base degrees, By which he did ascend."

Sir C. Hibbert Tupper in his recent lecture on natural history to the Conservatives, "Old Liberal Hens and the Tupper Rooster," was interesting and amusing. Mr. Dufferin Swallow and Mr. Dickens Winkle, well known prominent local Tories, informed me that the good-natured harmless knight with his "polished" style could accommodate himself to any condition and change his political colors and principles to suit the occasion. Yes, yes; the tree would turn the color of what it ever it rests upon. It is done for safety. The knight might change night into day, but he cannot change or turn the color of the present healthy and prosperous Liberal government. When next the knight appears he should be surrounded by white-robed supporters.

And he that will this health deny, Down among the dead men letter 'tupper lie.

I have also a lesson on natural history that is applicable to the conditions now prevailing in this city: The American occasionally lays eggs in other birds' nests. In Illinois was recently found a young cuckoo, together with a young jay (not the chairman of the school trustees), in the nest of a blue jay. Garguinos is a good word to use at election times. The young cuckoo soon after birth ejects his foster-brothers from the nest. This has been outlined a benevolent arrangement, in order that the young cuckoo may get sufficient food and that its foster-brothers may perish before they had acquired much feeling. Is not this bird instinct characteristic of the late Premier Prior, when he elected from his cabinet his foster-brothers, Eberts and Wells, so that the latter could politically perish. Unlike the elected cuckoo, the foster-brother Eberts had indignant feelings and did not perish, but is very much alive and returned the cuckoo to the nest, decapitating the premier cuckoo. Again we find that E. Gawler Prior, subsequent to the last incident, has been discovered laying eggs in a Liberal nest, expecting them to be hatched out at Ottawa by Mr. George Riley—the man with "great influence," notwithstanding the subsequent statements to the contrary. When the chickens came home to roost on Friday evening last, it was truly an ovation.

Moral—Don't write letters unless you mean what you say. Quoth the Colonel "Nevermore."

### S. PERRY MILLS.

### THE STAR OF CANADA.

"LET ME TELL YOU, MY COUNTRYMEN—ALL THE SIGNS POINT THAT WAY—THE TWENTIETH CENTURY SHALL BE THE CENTURY OF CANADA."

"FOR THE NEXT SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS, NAY, FOR THE NEXT HUNDRED YEARS, CANADA SHALL BE THE STAR TOWARDS WHICH ALL MEN WHO LOVE PROGRESS AND FREEDOM SHALL COME."—Sir Wilfrid Laurier at Toronto.

### EDUCATIONAL.

PRIVATE TUITION in practical Spanish; terms moderate. Address 20 Plover St.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

### MACHINISTS.

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street, Tel. 379.

### CEMENT WORK.

SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nicholls & Renout.

# ..CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS..

Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Time rates on application.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A large manufacturing concern about to open distributing depot in this section, desires services of responsible man to take management. Salary \$1,800 per annum and commission. Applicant must furnish first-class references and \$1,750 to \$2,500 cash. Merchandise furnished. Address: Manufacturer, care Nelson Cheesman Company, Chicago, Ill.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A good strong girl, about 14 years, to assist with general house work in family of two. Apply P. O. Box 476.

WANTED—Young girl to learn hairdressing, etc. Mrs. Koosche, 55 Douglas street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper for gentleman. Address A. D. Times.

WANTED—Dressmaking or plain sewing, by the day. Corner Catherine and Edward streets, Victoria West.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—To rent, small cottage, James Bay preferred. Bay, Times Office.

WANTED—A person with money to patent a small article used in connection with cigars, for one-third share. Address "Patent" of this office.

WANTED—Carpenter's tools, trunks, cast-iron stove, tables, single and double beds, mattresses, bureau, etc. 1 X 1 Second-Hand Store, 8 Store street, Victoria.

WANTED—Photo-Engraving work from all parts of the province; satisfaction guaranteed; send for samples. E. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

BILLIARD ROOM FITTINGS—For sale, billiard-room fittings. We supply room completely, including tables and furniture. Clubs and hotels remodeling ask for quotations. Catalogues sent free. Brunswick Billiard Collector Co., J. Johnston, Kirk Block, Douglas street, agent, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Cheap, air-tight heaters, ranges, stoves, tables, single and double beds, mattresses, bureau, etc. 1 X 1 Second-Hand Store, 8 Store street, Phone 1028.

BULBS FOR SALE—Hyacinth, tulips, narcissus, crocus, etc., just received, at Jay & Co., 15 Broad street.

FOR SALE—Irish terrier puppies. Apply Dr. Finlay, Government street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD—From the cradle to the grave; matters of business, love and marriage made clear; what I tell comes true. Send birth date and loc. Prof. H. H. Box 233, P. O., Hochelaga, Montreal.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING—No mess, from 50c; smoky chimneys cured; any kind of brick work done. Leave orders 4 Brougham street, shoe repairing shop.

DON'T BE HUMBUGGED by itinerate fakirs if you want your chimneys cleaned, call on the only reliable and reliable chimney cleaner in Victoria. Wm. Neal, 32 Quadra street. Phone A381.

TO JOB PRINTERS—Our artists are now making cover designs, sketches, etc., for the best catalogue work produced in the West. Send your ideas, and outline sketches will be furnished without charge. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times—it will help you.

### HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—On easy monthly payments, 9 roomed house in good locality, nearly new, modern improvements; or would rent or lease. Apply 19 Burdette avenue.

FOR SALE—At Salt Spring, nice piece of property, part of an estate, orchard, buildings; investigate. "Hanch," Times Office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### COFFEES AND SPICES.

VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

### DYEING AND CLEANING.

CLOTHES CLEANED AND PRESSED—Gents' suits, \$1.75; overcoats, \$1.00 to \$1.25; ladies' skirts 50c to 75c; jackets, 75c to \$1.25; clothes repaired and altered; all work guaranteed. 138 Yates street, opposite Dominion Hotel. James Dupuy.

### ENGRAVERS.

TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing so effective as illustrations. From \$2 upwards, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

### UNDERTAKING.

W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 498. Residence telephone, 611.

### TO LET.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—2 well furnished bedrooms, single or double, with modern conveniences. 55 Michigan street, James Bay.

TO LET—Good suburban house, with chicken run, \$7 per month. Helsterman & Co.

I WANT TO LEASE A FARM for one or two years, with privilege of purchase, within 15 miles of Victoria. "Rustic," P. O. Box 417, Victoria.

TO LET—Furnished bedroom for gentleman, with use of bath. Gordon Hotel, Yates street.

BED AND SITTING ROOM TO RENT—Private family, new house, modern. 59 Hayward avenue.

TO LET—Furnished, large front room, with use of phone. 170 Johnson.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### BOARD AND ROOMS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TWO YOUNG LADIES employed during day can find pleasant room and board at 23 Douglas street.

ROOM AND BOARD—Home cooking, across from Dominion Hotel, 126 Yates street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

LOST—On 15th inst., pocket purse, containing about sixty dollars. Suitable reward at Times Office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

### BEAUMONT BOGGS.

Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.

TO LET—Nice cottage, No. 12 South Turner street; immediate possession.

TO LET—Well furnished cottage, with tennis court and half acre land, Western Victoria.

TO LET—7 roomed house, close to canal, fine view of water; rent only \$12.

FOR SALE—Cottage, with 2 1/2 acres under cultivation; price \$1,400.

FOR SALE—Nice lot, Esquimalt road; price \$225.

FOR SALE—8 1/2 acres splendid land on North Dairy Farm, 3 miles from town. Good, mostly cleared pasture; price \$675.

FOR SALE—Cottage on tram line, James Bay, close to Park, sewerage; price \$1,500.

FOR SALE—Cottage, Walker street, Victoria West; price \$800.

FOR SALE—Lot 20, Vre Estate, assessed \$180, price \$150; Lot 31, Block 25, Fernwood, assessed \$250, price \$250.

HOUSES OR COTTAGES BUILT on monthly payment plan, under best architects and by competent builders.

FIRE INSURANCE—On buildings or contents, written to the "Guardian" (British). Write for rates.

### LEE & FRASER.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 at 2 D. Tronca Avenue.

TWO LOTS on Kelvin road, with good small house, and fenced; a bargain, and must be sold; price \$225.

2 1/2 ACRES on Gordon Road, with good house, barn, fruit trees; immediate possession; price \$1,400, and on terms.

2 1/2 LOTS on Dallas road, near Clover Point, for sale at a very low figure in order to close out an estate.

QUEEN'S AVE., near Chambers street, one large lot, \$225.

PRINCESS AVE., near Chambers, good building lot, \$225.

LINDON AVE.—Very large lot







# THE GOVERNMENT THAT DOES THINGS

## One Hundred Striking Proofs Of Its Activity.

The Government That Scores Versus the Party That Scolds—Some of the Increases in Trade, Immigration, Railways and Other Departments of the Public Service.

The following are among the achievements of Liberal administration, under the Premiership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, since 1896:

1. A greater degree of progress has been made in 7 years of Liberal rule than during 18 years of Conservative rule.
2. Not a dollar has been added to the public debt.
3. A reduction in the public debt per head, viz., 1896, \$50.96; 1904, \$46.31.
4. Surpluses instead of deficits for last 7 years.
5. Customs duties 13 per cent. less on average than under Conservative administration.
6. Great increase of revenue year by year.
7. Government securities placed on Great Britain's trustee list.
8. Government loans floated at 2½ per cent.
9. Yukon opened up, and it has paid its way.
10. Canada's total trade increased from \$257,000,000 in 1897 to \$407,000,000 in 1903.
11. Canada's percentage of growth of trade, 1895 v. 1902, 107 per cent. (United States, 47 per cent.; Great Britain, 26 per cent.).
12. Substantial increases in every line of exports.
13. Substantial growth in manufactures.
14. Additional commercial agencies established.
15. New steamship services inaugurated.
16. Transportation facilities developed.
17. Transportation commission appointed.
18. Fourteen-foot canal channel completed.
19. Canal tolls abolished.
20. Trent canal system completed to Peterboro'.
21. Georgian Bay canal route being surveyed.
22. Post office department produces a substantial surplus.
23. Many post office improvements effected.
24. Postal rates reduced.
25. All British Pacific cable line assisted.
26. Telegraph line to the Yukon built.
27. Marconi wireless telegraphy system used.
28. Liberal tariff productive of splendid results.
29. A tariff commission appointed.
30. A second tariff commission promised.
31. Surtax imposed on products of Germany.
32. Anti-dumping law passed.
33. Trusts and combinations regulated.
34. Tariff reductions made.
35. British preferential tariff law passed.
36. Customs department reforms instituted.
37. Publication of trade statistics provided for.
38. The great Canadian National Transcontinental railway projected.
39. Crow's Nest Pass railway built.
40. Intercolonial railway brought to Montreal.
41. Railway building promoted with out land grants.
42. Radical railway act passed.
43. Railway commission appointed.
44. Farmers assisted in many ways.
45. United States cattle quarantine abolished.
46. Cold storage transportation provided for.
47. Livestock interests placed in hands of an expert commission.
48. Veterinary branch reformed.
49. Tobacco-growing aided.
50. Great increase in trade in agricultural products.
51. Canada adequately represented at the great fairs.
52. The Canadian west developed as never before.
53. New surveys made in the far north.
54. Mounted police patrol area extended to Hudson's Bay and Arctic Ocean.
55. Canada's rights in Hudson's Bay waters established.
56. A new and effective immigration policy adopted.
57. Great increase in immigration and homestead entries.
58. New laws passed benefiting settlers.
59. Active immigration propaganda carried on in United States, Great Britain and Europe.
60. Department of mines established.
61. Assay office and mint established.
62. The best census ever taken in Canada—that of 1901.
63. Many militia improvements effected.
64. Labor department established.
65. Sweating system abolished.
66. Labor-Gazette issued.
67. Fair wage policy adopted on public contracts.
68. Strikes and lockouts settled.
69. Labor claims investigated.
70. Alien labor law passed.
71. Tax on Chinese increased.
72. Tory franchise act abolished.
73. New redistribution bill passed.
74. The ballot improved.
75. The promises of 1896 fulfilled.
76. Canada adequately advertised throughout the empire.
77. Canada made a leader of the colonies.
78. Canada at last come to her own.
79. Canada's legislative and administrative methods copied by other colonies.
80. Canada's banks have greatly increased their business.
81. The true principles of responsible government have been recognized.
82. The Canadian workman is sharing in our national prosperity.
83. The Canadian railways are reaping the benefits of improved business conditions.
84. All the tall chimneys in Canada are smoking.
85. Canada is at peace within her own borders and with the world.
86. The Canadian cabinet is a business government.
87. Twenty-five millions' worth of settlers' effects have been imported into Canada since 1897.
88. The Liberal immigration returns have not required padding.
89. The prohibition of unfit immigrants is being effected.
90. The settlers of the West have been relieved from scores of adverse conditions.
91. Despite reduction in taxation, the national debt has remained practically stationary.
92. Farm lands in the West have largely increased in value.
93. The contract with the Grand Trunk Pacific is vastly superior to that made with the C. P. R. of 20 years ago.
94. The Liberal railway policy will open up vast tracts of new country.
95. The new railway commission will control railway rates and prevent discrimination.
96. The government assists the Northwest Territories by over a million a year.
97. Liberal rule has given Canada its high-water period of prosperity.
98. A new Canada has come into being under Liberal rule.
99. Peace, plenty and prosperity prevail in Canada.
100. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has proved himself to be "The greatest statesman of Greater Britain."

### BIRDS AS SHEPHERDS.

The Crane is Utilized in Venezuela in Place of Dogs.

The natives of Venezuela and adjoining countries on the north side of the River Amazon often avail themselves of the services of a native crane to care for their poultry, and also in the place of colliers or shepherd dogs, to guard and herd their domestic animals.

This remarkable bird, which the Indians call yakanik, and the ornithologists Psophia crepitans, is found in a wild state in the great forests which lie between the northern coasts of South America and the Amazon river, particularly in Venezuela and British Guiana.

The birds never leave the forests unless shot or captured. They may be trusted with the care of a flock of sheep or domestic fowls, and every morning will drive the ducks and poultry to their feeding places, and carefully collecting any stragglers, bring them safely home at night.

A yakanik soon learns to know and obey the voice of his master, follows him, when permitted, wherever he goes, and appears delighted at receiving his caresses.

It pines at his absence, and welcomes his return, and is extremely jealous of any rival. Should any dog or cat approach it flies at it with the utmost fury, and attacking it with wings and beak, drives it away.

It presents itself regularly during

meals, from which it chases all domestic animals, and even the negroes who wait on the table, if it is not well acquainted with them, and only asks for a share of the table after it has driven away all who might aspire to a favorable notice from the family.

A singular case of guardianship in the lower creation has just been made known by M. Gadeau de Kerville. It concerns the young of the marine fishes, called false mackerel, which are almost always found in company with the large jelly fish, and are thus visible from the exterior, owing to the transparency of the host.

Sometimes the school of fishes wanders a few yards away from the medusa, but at the least alarm immediately returns with great rapidity to occupy its former position.

It is evident that the jelly fish very efficiently protects the younger fish by means of its innumerable stinging capsules.—London Express.

### POPULISM.

"THIS IS NO LONGER THE PARTY OF SIR JOHN MACDONALD AND SIR CHAS. TUPPER. THIS IS THE PARTY OF POPULISM. SUCH AS FOUND ITS BIRTH ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE LINE, WHICH HAS COME TO THIS DEMOCRATIC DEVELOPMENT OF GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP."

### A NATIONAL ROAD.

"When the Grand Trunk Pacific proposition first came up it provided for a railway from North Bay, Ont., to the Pacific Ocean. The government was asked for a large bonus, both in cash and in land. We, however, refused to entertain the proposition for two reasons. We objected to the method of assistance proposed, especially that relating to the land grant. The Grand Trunk, as you are all aware, utilizes Portland, Maine, as its winter port. Well, we were determined then as we are now, that when the construction of another transcontinental railway should be undertaken, the road should extend on Canadian soil from the Atlantic to the Pacific. We adopted that policy, not because of any unfriendliness towards the United States, but because we owed it to our national dignity, and great destiny, to effect the transportation of Canadian freights on Canadian soil from tidewater to tidewater. We notified the Grand Trunk that no assistance would be given them unless that involving an idea which had been signed and sealed in winter as well. We spent two years of negotiation, labor, debate and legislation. No time, however, has been lost, considering the magnitude of the task, and the necessity of arranging the numerous details. The contract has been signed and sealed, and now every detail is open to inspection by the people. The people of Canada are asked to decide a momentous question. The question before them is simply this: Shall this contract be carried out, or shall Mr. Borden, the opposition leader, and his associates be given authority to tear it up? That in effect is one of the main issues, if not the vital issue of the campaign."—Hon. Clifford Sifton at Winnipeg, October 10th, 1904.

### ARTIFICIAL RUBIES.

Artificial rubies are made by a process of the chemist Verneuil, by melting a mixture of clay and oxide of chromium at an even temperature of several thousand degrees. The two substances, which are placed above each other in layers so as to prevent cracking in the crystallized mass. It is stated that Verneuil finally succeeded in producing an artificial ruby weighing five pounds, which had a value of about \$800. In order to produce the exceedingly high temperature which is indispensable for success, Verneuil uses a blast of oxygen gas, which acts directly on the mass from the top. The hardness of the ruby is the result of quick cooling caused by sudden interruption of the blast of oxygen. The artificial ruby is said to be very pure and brilliant, possessing all the physical properties of natural rubies. It can be cut, and takes a very fine polish.—Exchange.

### WEALTH OF TWO NATIONS.

Amid the recent calculations of England's national wealth, variously estimated at from 1,000 to 2,000 millions sterling, the French Economist publishes an estimate of the wealth of France, putting it at 1,000 millions. This would give an income for every man, woman and child in England of from \$38 to \$48 per annum, and in France only \$27 per annum. In the French calculation income from foreign investments are not estimated, a large but unknown quantity. On the other hand, in spite of a smaller population, there are probably some half-million more homes in France than in England, and so many more families, which would make the family income in France still lower than in England.

### TO VOTERS.

Electors should make careful note of the fact that the polls under the Dominion Elections Act will open at 9 o'clock a.m. and close at 5 o'clock p.m. All votes must be polled between those hours.

The fact that in provincial elections the polls are open till 7.30 p.m. is apt to create confusion in the minds of voters. By confounding the federal law with the provincial act and postponing the duty of casting their ballots until after working hours, voters in the past have lost their opportunities of exercising the franchise.

## Famous Trains

The Southwest Limited Kansas City to Chicago, The Overland Limited to Chicago via Omaha, and The Pioneer Limited St. Paul to Chicago, run via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Each route offers numerous attractions. The principal thing to insure a quick, comfortable trip East is to see that your tickets read via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

R. M. BOYD, Commercial Agent, 619 First Ave., Seattle, Wash.

## COAL

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in four several indentures of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale, by public auction, by A. M. Beattie, licensed auctioneer, at 1000 Broadway, Room 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Nor more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company.

Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free claim certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for two years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of \$1.00 per cent of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. Territory, Yukon Territory—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet.

Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet square may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The leasee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and is subject to the rights of all persons who, or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the leasee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The leasee shall have a dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The leasee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, and is subject to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The leasee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$10 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 200 feet in length, measured on the line of the stream, and 100 feet in width, or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 200 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days, and the claim is with a view of mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims on separate rivers, creeks or gulches, and may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year, and if the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and to occupation and entry by a free miner in the same.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notice in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropriated Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territory and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company an area not exceeding three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the prospector at the rate of \$3 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely, 1,280 acres, will be sold at the rate of \$3 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

JAMES A. SMART, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, Dept. Interior.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS COPIRIGHTS Procured in all countries. Searches of the records carefully made and reports given. Call or write for information.

ROWLAND BRITTON Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney, Room 2, Fairfield Block, Granville Street (Near Post Office).

Bulbs! Bulbs! Now is the time for fall planting. We have for sale, cheap, a large quantity of choice bulbs of all varieties.

ROYAL NURSERY, 207 Fort St. Gallow & Johnston, props. Prepare Yourself for Business If you want to enter business. We teach bookkeeping, Gregg shorthand and typewriting. Our school is the best school in the province at any price. Write for prospectus.

The Veget Commercial College, VANCOUVER, B. C. Dated this 17th day of October, 1904.

## SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Nor more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company.

Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free claim certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for two years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,5